Advanced Integrated Fire Protection System

TOTAL PAC®

Owner's Operation
and
Maintenance Manual

DOUBLE INTERLOCK PREACTION SYSTEM
ELECTRIC / PNEUMATIC RELEASE



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Integrated Fire Protection System

OWNER'S OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

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Safety Guidelines

This manual contains safety information that is important to know and understand. This information is provided for the safety of installers, operators, and users of the FireFlex releasing panel as well as equipment. To help recognize this information, observe the following symbols.

⚠ DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury

NOTICE

NOTICE indicates important information, that if not followed may cause damage to equipment or property.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS (or equivalent) indicate specific safety-related instructions or procedures.

INFORMATION

INFORMATION emphasizes useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and trouble-free operation.

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Integrated Fire Protection System

Double Interlock Preaction System - Electric/Pneumatic Release

A

1- General description

This **TOTALPAC®4** integrated fire protection system by FIREFLEX Systems Inc. consists of a preaction system trim totally pre-assembled, pre-wired and factory tested. All electrical and mechanical components of the system are contained in one single unit.

The only connections required for installation are the water supply inlet, the water discharge outlet, the main drain, the detection network, the electrical trouble, supervisory and alarm connections, as well as the AC power lines for the release control panel and optional air compressor. The discharge outlet is connected to a fixed piping network of automatic sprinklers. Water is the extinguishing agent.

On system piping network, closed heat sensitive automatic sprinklers are spaced and located in accordance with recognized installation standards in order to detect a fire. Only those sprinklers immediately over or near to fire operate, minimizing water damage.

Double interlock preaction system with electric/pneumatic release uses closed automatic sprinklers on the system piping network, which is supervised with air pressure. The detection network is installed in parallel with the system piping network and is designed to operate before an automatic sprinkler fuses from the system piping network. Detection system operates first and gives an alarm signal.

Double interlock preaction system is designed so the deluge valve will open when both detector on detection network activates and a loss of pressure in the system piping network occurs. When the deluge valve opens, water will flow into the system piping network and out of any open automatic sprinklers and other opening on the system piping network.

Under normal supervisory condition, a loss of pressure alone in the system piping network will only give a supervisory signal.

INFORMATION

Every **TOTALPAC®4** unit is identified with its unique serial number. This number is located on an adhesive label inside the main door panel and is used to maintain a record in our computerized database. Have this serial number handy when calling for information on your unit (format is TOT4####).

2- Listings and approvals

In addition to being fabricated under tight ISO-9001 manufacturing and quality control procedures, your **TOTALPAC®4** unit has also been tested and approved by recognized laboratories. Here is the list of Listings & Approvals it meets:

- Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL): Preaction **TOTALPAC®4** systems are UL Listed under "Special System Water Control Valves - Assembled Units, category # VKYL.EX4641" and "Assembled Units Certified for Canada, Category # VKYL7.EX4641 (c-UL)".
- Factory Mutual Research <FM>: Preaction **TOTALPAC®4** systems are FM Approved under the heading: "Automatic Water Control Valves" when installed with specific components.

⚠ CAUTION

Any unauthorized modification or addition made on-site to a factory built Listed unit will void this Listing. Such modifications or additions may void the unit's warranty as well. Consult your nearest FireFlex Systems authorized distributor before proceeding with such modifications or additions.

3- Environment

TOTALPAC®4 unit shall be installed in a dry and clean location. Verify that all equipment is properly heated and protected to prevent freezing and physical damage. Refer to section **E** CONTROL SECTION for environment data.

The unit and its components must be kept free of foreign matter, freezing conditions, corrosive atmospheres, contaminated water supplies, and any condition that could impair its operation or damage the components.

The frequency of the inspections and maintenance will vary depending on these environmental conditions as well as the condition of the air supply to the system. The owner is responsible for maintaining the fire protection system and devices in proper operating condition. Refer to section **B** MECHANICAL SECTION for maintenance instructions.

4- Features

The **TOTALPAC®4** unit is superior to many other products which are actually available on the fire protection market. It is manufactured by FIREFLEX Systems Inc. which has developed and introduced the concept of integrated fire protection systems.

Main features are:

- Trouble free design for safe and easy application
- Available in 5 sizes from 2" (50 mm) to 8" (200 mm) diameter
- Uses the Viking deluge valve Model VXD
- Unit is available either with or without integrated release control panel
- Compact, aesthetic and easy to move
- User-friendly standardized owner's manual with every unit
- Unique serial number on every unit
- Designed in accordance with NFPA Standards
- Trim is fully assembled and tested at the factory
- All trims are galvanized steel, Listed and Approved for 250 PSI (1724 kPa) service maximum
- Quick connections to water supply and drain on both sides, and sprinkler riser on top of unit, all available with grooved end fittings
- No open drain cup inside unit
- Sturdy steel cabinet, painted fire red with oven baked polyester powder on phosphate base
- Textured rust proof finish
- Neoprene gasket on all doors to eliminate vibrations
- Separate unlocked access hatch to emergency manual release
- Key-alike locks on all cabinet doors
- Manufactured under ISO-9001 quality control procedures.

5- Configuration description

TOTALPAC®4 preaction system is built around the Viking trim using Viking Model VXD Deluge Valve.

The valve is rated up to a maximum of 250 PSI WWP (1724 kPa) and is available in the following diameters:

- ▶ 2" (50 mm)
- ▶ 4" (100 mm)
- ▶ 8" (200 mm)
- ▶ 3" (80 mm)
- ▶ 6" (150 mm)

TOTALPAC®4 preaction system is supplied with groove/ groove Model VXD Deluge Valve.

5.1 Double interlock preaction system

The system piping network is pressurized with air or nitrogen gas. The preaction system uses the Viking deluge valve which opens when both the detection network activates and a loss of pressure in the system piping network occurs, or anytime the handle of the emergency release valve is pulled.

If the detection network activates due to fire or malfunction, the deluge valve will not open.

If the system piping network is broken or an automatic sprinkler fuses, the deluge valve will not open.

6- System release

6.1 Electric/pneumatic release

Preaction system with electric/pneumatic release requires an electric detection network equipped with compatible detectors. Release trim for the deluge valve requires a normally closed solenoid valve controlled by an approved releasing control panel (if provided with this system, see section **E** CONTROLS SECTION and VFR-500 manual for details). Release trim for the deluge valve also uses a pneumatic actuator which is held closed by the pressure maintained in the system piping network. The detection network must activate, and the pressure must be released from the system piping network in order to open the deluge valve.

In fire condition, both the activation of a detector on the detection network and the fusing of an automatic sprinkler from the system piping network are required to energize the normally closed solenoid valve and to release the pneumatic actuator, causing the deluge valve to open. Water will flow from the preaction system through opened sprinklers. Automatic sprinkler must open to allow water to flow from the preaction system.

1- Installation, operation & maintenance instructions

INFORMATION

Numbers indicated between brackets refer to figure 1 DETAILED SYSTEM TRIM SCHEMATICS from this section and section D AIR SUPPLY.

1.1 Installation

1. Conform to local municipal or other codes regarding installations of fire protection systems.
2. Install the ***TOTALPAC®4*** unit and connect the system according to instruction manual and technical data supplied.

⚠ WARNING

The cabinet must be firmly anchored to the floor using all four (4) anchoring holes (see section G CABINET).

NOTICE

The drain collector shall be connected to an open drain. Do not restrict or reduce drain piping.

3. Install the system piping network in accordance with applicable standards.
4. Connect supervisory and alarm signals according to electrical schematics and if applicable, all detection and signaling circuits (see section F ELECTRICAL).
5. If applicable, connect the AC power to the release control panel and to the air compressor, each on a separate breaker in the electric distribution panel (see section F ELECTRICAL).

⚠ CAUTION

AC power connections must be made by a qualified installer according to national standards and equipment specifications.

Do not apply AC power to the equipment yet.

6. Perform preliminary inspection prior to putting system in service (see paragraph 1.2 of the current section).
7. Place the system in service (see paragraph 1.3 of the current section).
8. Perform the annual inspection sequence (see paragraph 1.8 of the current section) and test each detection device and alarm unit.
9. If the system does not operate as it should, make the necessary corrections according to manuals issued or consult your distributor or *FIREFLEX* Systems Inc.
10. Make sure that the building owner or a delegated representative has received instructions regarding the operation of the system.

⚠ CAUTION

TOTALPAC®4 unit must be installed in an area not subject to freezing temperatures or physical damage.

1.2 Preliminary inspection before placing the system in service

1. Open door to mechanical section.
   a) Main water supply valve *(D1)* must be CLOSED.
   b) Priming valve *(B1)* must be CLOSED.
   c) Air supply for system piping network must be CLOSED (see section D AIR SUPPLY).
   d) Flow test valve *(B6)* and main drain valve *(D3)* must be CLOSED.
   e) Alarm test valve *(B5)* must be CLOSED.
   f) Gauge *(B12)* and FLX+PC *(E3)* should show 0 PSI (0 kPa). Air pressure is displayed on the LCD screen of the FLX+PC.
   g) If applicable, the shut-off valve *(D4)* must be OPEN.
2. OPEN the manual emergency release valve *(B10)* and make sure the deluge valve *(A1)* is tripped.
3. Using the built-in contractor's hydrostatic test ports (see figure 1 of this section and section D AIR SUPPLY), fill system piping network with water and maintain pressure as per NFPA-13 requirements.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not subject the pressure gauges and pressure transducer to hydrostatic pressure above 250 PSI (1724 kPA). Close gauge valves before proceeding with hydrostatic test.

4. Correct leaks if any before completing test.
5. Verify that main water supply valve *(D1)* is still CLOSED.
6. OPEN main drain valve *(D3)* to completely drain the system piping network.
7. If applicable, apply AC power to the release control panel and the air compressor. The air supply must be CLOSED (see section D AIR SUPPLY).
8. If applicable, connect the batteries to the release control panel. Observe battery size and polarity.

NOTICE

For battery capacity calculations, see the VIKING VFR-500 INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND INSTRUCTION MANUAL provided with the ***TOTALPAC®4*** unit. See section **E** CONTROLS for ***FLX+PC®*** maximum current consumption.

NOTICE

Batteries shall be installed with the release control panel in designated space (see section **E** CONTROLS).

9. Reset the release control panel and silence the alarms (see section **E** CONTROLS).

1.3 Placing the system in service

1. Verify that the main water supply valve *(D1)* is CLOSED. Verify that the system has been properly drained.
2. Verify that all automatic sprinklers are set and that inspector's test valve and/or piping auxiliary drain valves are CLOSED.
3. CLOSE main drain valve *(D3)*. Verify that the manual emergency release valve *(B10)* is CLOSED.
4. Air supply must be OPEN (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).
5. Establish recommended supervisory pressure to the system piping network (see paragraph 2.1 NORMAL CONDITION of the current section and section **D** AIR SUPPLY).

NOTICE

On system provided with air pressure maintenance device (air supply style "B"), verify that the APMD bypass valve *(E8)* is CLOSED and that APMD input and output valves *(E7)* are OPEN.

6. OPEN priming valve *(B1)*. Verify that the pressure indicated at the priming pressure gauge *(B11)* is equal to, or greater than the pressure indicated at the water supply pressure gauge *(B12)*.
7. Reset the release control panel (see section **E** CONTROLS). Solenoid valve *(F1)* should CLOSE.
8. OPEN flow test valve *(B6)*. PARTIALLY OPEN main water supply valve *(D1)*.
9. When full flow develops from the flow test valve *(B6)*, CLOSE the flow test valve.
10. FULLY OPEN the main water supply valve *(D1)*.
11. Verify that the alarm test valve *(B5)* is CLOSED and that all other valves are in their "normal" operating position (see paragraph 2.1 NORMAL CONDITION of the current section).
12. Reset the release control panel (see section **E** CONTROLS).
13. Check and repair all leaks.
14. On new installation, system that has been placed out of service, or where new equipment has been installed, trip test the system to verify that all equipment functions properly (see paragraph 1.7.2 FULL FLOW TRIP TEST of the current section).
15. Notify the AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the system is in service.

⚠ CAUTION

When a valve has been removed from service and is subject to freezing or will be out of service for an extended period of time, all water must be removed from the priming chamber, trim piping, water supply piping and any other trapped areas.

1.4 System Operation

1.4.1 In the SET condition

System water supply pressure enters the priming chamber of the deluge valve *(A1)* through the priming line which includes a normally open priming valve *(B1)*, strainer *(B2)*, restricted orifice *(B3)* and spring loaded check valve *(B4)*.

Water pressure is trapped in the priming chamber of the deluge valve *(A1)* by a spring loaded check valve *(B4)*, pneumatic actuator (*F3*), normally closed solenoid valve *(F1)*, PORV *(B9)* (pressure operated relief valve) and manual emergency release valve *(B10)*. The pressure in the priming chamber holds the deluge valve clapper closed, keeping the outlet chamber and system piping dry.

1.4.2 In a fire condition

When the detection condition is satisfied, the release control panel energizes the solenoid valve *(F1)*. Alarms activates but the deluge valve *(A1)* will not open. When an automatic sprinkler fuses, the low air pressure switch (FLX+PC *(E3)*) activates, and the pneumatic actuator (*F3*) opens. Both conditions are required to open the deluge valve *(A1)*.

Pressure from the priming chamber of the deluge valve *(A1)* is released to the open drain manifold faster than it is supplied through the restricted orifice *(B3)*. The deluge valve clapper opens to allow water to flow into the piping network and alarm devices, causing water flow alarms connected to the alarm pressure switch *(C1)* and the optional water motor alarm *(C2)* to activate. When an automatic sprinkler fuses, water will flow from the system piping network.

When the deluge valve *(A1)* opens, the sensing end of the PORV *(B9)* is pressurized, causing it to open. It then continually vent the priming chamber, preventing the closure of the deluge valve. The deluge valve can only be reset after the system is taken out of service.

⚠ CAUTION

If the detection system operates due to mechanical damage or malfunction, the deluge valve *(A1)* will stay closed.

1.4.3 Manual operation

Anytime the handle of the manual emergency release valve *(B10)* is triggered, pressure is released from the priming chamber of the deluge valve *(A1)* causing deluge valve to open. Water will flow into the system piping network and alarm devices *(C1* and optional *C2)* will operate. The PORV *(B9)* keeps the deluge valve open. When an automatic sprinkler fuses, water will flow from the system piping network.

1.4.4 Supervisory condition

If an automatic sprinkler opens prior the operation of the detection system or any time the supervisory pressure is lost in the system piping network, the low air pressure switch) (FLX+PC *(E3)*) will give a low air supervisory signal, but the deluge valve *(A1)* will stay closed.

1.5 Emergency instructions

To take system out of service

⚠ WARNING

Placing a control valve or detection system out of service may eliminate the fire protection capabilities of the system. Prior to proceeding, notify all local AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION. Consideration should be given to employ a fire patrol in the affected areas.

After a fire, verify that the fire is OUT and that placing the system out of service has been authorized by the appropriate local AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION.

Sprinkler piping that has been subjected to a fire must be returned to service as soon as possible. The entire system must be inspected for damage and repaired or replaced as necessary.

1. CLOSE main water supply valve *(D1)*.
2. OPEN main drain valve *(D3)*.
3. If applicable, silence audible devices (see section **E** CONTROLS).

NOTICE

Electric alarms controlled by a pressure switch installed at the ¾"-NPT (20mm) connection *(C1)* for a non-interruptible alarm signal cannot be shut-off until the deluge valve *(A1)* is reset or taken out of service.

4. Air supply must be CLOSED (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).
5. OPEN flow test valve *(B6)*.
6. CLOSE priming valve *(B1)*.
7. Replace any detector that have been damaged.
8. Replace any automatic sprinkler that have opened, been damaged or exposed to fire conditions.
9. Return the system to service as soon as possible (see paragraph 1.6 PLACING THE SYSTEM BACK IN SERVICE AFTER OPERATION of the current section).
10. Perform all recommended maintenance procedures (see paragraph 1.8 MAINTENANCE in the current section).

⚠ CAUTION

When a system has been removed from service and is subject to freezing or will be out of service for an extended period of time, all water must be removed from the priming chamber, trim piping, water supply piping and any other trapped areas.

1.6 Placing the system back in service after operation

1. Verify that the system has been properly drained. Verify that all automatic sprinklers are set and/or inspector's test valve and system piping auxiliary drain valves are CLOSED.
2. Verify that the main water supply valve *(D1)* is CLOSED, and that the manual emergency release valve *(B10)* is CLOSED. CLOSE main drain valve *(D3)*.
3. Air supply must be OPEN (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).
4. Restore supervisory pressure to the system piping network (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).

NOTICE

On system provided with air pressure maintenance device (air supply style "B"), verify that the APMD bypass valve *(E8)* is CLOSED and that APMD input and output valves *(E6 and E7)* are OPEN.

5. OPEN priming valve *(B1)*. Verify that the pressure indicated at the priming pressure gauge *(B11)* is equal to, or greater than the pressure indicated at the water supply pressure gauge *(B12)*.
6. Reset the release control panel (see section **E** CONTROLS). Solenoid valve *(F1)* should CLOSE.
7. OPEN flow test valve *(B6)*. PARTIALLY OPEN main water supply valve *(D1)*.

NOTICE

Do not open main water supply valve *(D1)* until gauge *(B11)* shows stabilized pressure.

8. When full flow develops from the flow test valve *(B6)*, CLOSE the flow test valve.
9. FULLY OPEN the main water supply valve *(D1)*.
10. Verify that the alarm test valve *(B5)* is CLOSED and that all other valves are in their "normal" operating position (see paragraph 2.1 NORMAL CONDITION of the current section).
11. Reset the release control panel (see section **E** CONTROLS).
12. Check and repair all leaks.
13. Notify the local AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION, remote station alarm monitors, and those in the affected area that the system is back in service.

1.7 Inspections and tests

⚠ CAUTION

The owner is responsible for maintaining the fire protection system and devices in proper operating condition.

It is imperative that the system be inspected and tested on a regular basis in accordance with NFPA-25. Refer to Inspections and Tests recommended in Viking technical data describing individual components of the preaction system used.

The frequency of the inspections may vary due to contaminated or corrosive water supply, corrosive atmospheres, as well as the condition of the air supply to the system. For minimum maintenance and inspection requirements, refer to NFPA-25. In addition, the AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION may have additional maintenance, testing, and inspection requirements that must be followed.

⚠ WARNING

Any system maintenance that involves placing a control valve or detection system out of service may eliminate the fire protection capabilities of that system.

Prior to proceeding with any testing, notify all local AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION. Consideration should be given to the employment of a fire patrol in the affected areas.

1.7.1 System piping network low air supervisory test

1. To prevent operation of the deluge valve *(A1)* and filling of the piping network with water during the test, CLOSE main water supply valve (*D1*) and OPEN flow test valve *(B6)*.
2. If applicable, verify that the shut-off valve *(D4)* is OPEN.
3. FULLY OPEN the inspector's test valve on the system piping network, or the main drain valve *(D3)*.
4. Verify that low air supervisory signal operates within acceptable time period and continues without interruption.
5. CLOSE the inspector's test valve, or the main drain valve *(D3)*.
6. CLOSE priming valve *(B1)*.
7. Establish recommended supervisory pressure to the system piping network (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).
8. OPEN priming valve *(B1)*. Verify that the pressure indicated at the priming pressure gauge *(B11)* is equal to, or greater than the pressure indicated at the water supply pressure gauge *(B12)*.
9. PARTIALLY OPEN main water supply valve *(D1)*.
10. When full flow develops from the flow test valve *(B6)*, CLOSE the flow test valve.
11. FULLY OPEN the main water supply valve *(D1)*.

12. Reset the release control panel (see section E CONTROLS).

1.7.2 Full flow trip test

Performance of a full flow trip test is recommended annually during warm weather. Consider coordinating this test with operation testing of the releasing devices.

⚠ CAUTION

Performance of this test will cause the deluge valve *(A1)* to open and the system piping network to be filled with water. If it is not required to fill the system piping network with water, use the shut-off valve (if applicable) (see paragraph 1.7.4 OPERATION OF THE SHUT-OFF VALVE of the current section).

To trip test the electric/pneumatic release system

1. Trip the deluge valve *(A1)* by performing the following paragraph "a" or "b".
   a) Open the inspector's test valve from the system piping network. Activate a detector according to the manufacturer's instructions.
   b) Open the door of the manual emergency release valve *(B10)* and trigger the handle.
2. The deluge valve *(A1)* should open. Alarm devices *(C1* and optional *C2)* should operate. The piping network will be filled with water.
3. Verify adequate flow through the inspector's test valve from the system piping network.

When trip testing is complete

1. Perform steps 1 through 6 of paragraph 1.5 EMERGENCY INSTRUCTIONS to take the system out of service.
2. Perform steps of paragraph 1.6 PLACING THE SYSTEM BACK IN SERVICE AFTER OPERATION.

1.7.3 Main drain test

A main drain test shall be conducted to determine whether there has been a change in the condition of the water supply piping and control valves.

Test procedure

1. Record the pressure indicated by the water supply gauge *(B12)*.
2. If applicable, CLOSE the alarm control valve.
3. FULLY OPEN the flow test valve *(B6)*.
4. Record residual pressure.
5. CLOSE the flow test valve *(B6)* slowly.
6. Record the time taken for supply water pressure to return to the original pressure.
7. Compare results from previous inspections or initial commissioning. Any important variation from those results must be investigated.

NOTICE

A main drain test shall be conducted any time the main water supply valve *(D1)* is closed and reopened at the system.

1.7.4 Operation of the optional shut-off valve

Inspection of the system can be implemented without filling the system piping network with water. The use of shut-off valve *(D4)* and sight glass assembly *(D5)* allows to verify the operation of the system and prevents water from reaching the piping network.

1. CLOSE the shut-off valve *(D4)* to isolate the system piping network.
2. Execute the full flow trip test (see paragraph 1.7.2 of the current section). The deluge valve *(A1)* should open.
3. Using a flashlight in one of the sight glasses, verify that water flows through the sight glass assembly *(D5)*.

When trip testing is complete

1. Perform steps 1 through 6 of paragraph 1.5 EMERGENCY INSTRUCTIONS to take the system out of service.
2. Perform steps of paragraph 1.6 PLACING THE SYSTEM BACK IN SERVICE AFTER OPERATION.

1.8 Maintenance

⚠ CAUTION

The owner is responsible for maintaining the fire protection system and devices in proper operating condition.

The system shall be maintained in full operation condition at all times.

All troubles or impairments shall be corrected promptly consistent with the hazard being protected.

Refer to MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS provided in Viking Technical Data describing individual components of the system used.

The air supply shall be maintained in full operating condition at all times (refer to section D AIR SUPPLY).

The following requirements are based upon NFPA-25.

Records

Records of inspections, tests and maintenance of the system and its components shall be made available to the AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION upon request. Typical records include, but are not limited to: valves inspection; flow, drain, and pump tests, and trip test of the deluge valves.

Acceptance test records should be retained for the life of the system or its special components. Subsequent test records should be retained for a period of one (1) year after the next test. The comparison determines deterioration of system performance or condition and the need for further testing or maintenance.

1.8.1 Monthly

1. Inspection of gauges (water supply *(B12)* and priming chamber *(B11)* pressure) to ensure good condition and normal water supply pressure.
2. Control valve shall be externally inspected. The valve inspection shall verify the following:
   a) The gauges indicate that normal supply water pressure is being maintained.
   b) The valve is free of physical damage.
   c) All valves are in the appropriate open or closed position (see paragraph 2.1 of the current section).
   d) There is no leakage from the alarm drains.

1.8.2 Quarterly

1. Check alarm pressure switch *(C1)* and optional water motor gong *(C2)* by opening the alarm test valve *(B5)*.
2. Conduct system piping network low air supervisory test (see paragraph 1.7.1 of the current section).

1.8.3 Semi-annually

1. Main water supply valve *(D1)* switch shall be operated to verify the switch actuation upon movement of the hand wheel.
2. Check alarm pressure switch *(C1)* and optional water motor gong *(C2)* by opening the alarm test valve *(B5)*.
3. Perform functional test of all components of the system.

1.8.4 Annually

1. Perform full flow trip test (see paragraph 1.7.2 of the current section).
2. Record indicating the date of the last trip, tripping time and name of the organization conducting the test shall be maintained at a location available for review by the AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION.
3. Perform main drain test (see paragraph 1.7.3 of the current section).

1.8.5 Every 5 years

1. Test on gauge (gauge precision required: less than 3% of the full scale).
2. Perform test on control valve operation.
3. Deluge valve *(A1)* and their associated strainers, filters and restriction orifices shall be inspected internally.
4. Perform main drain test (see paragraph 1.7.3 of the current section).

2- Double interlock preaction system with electric/pneumatic release

INFORMATION

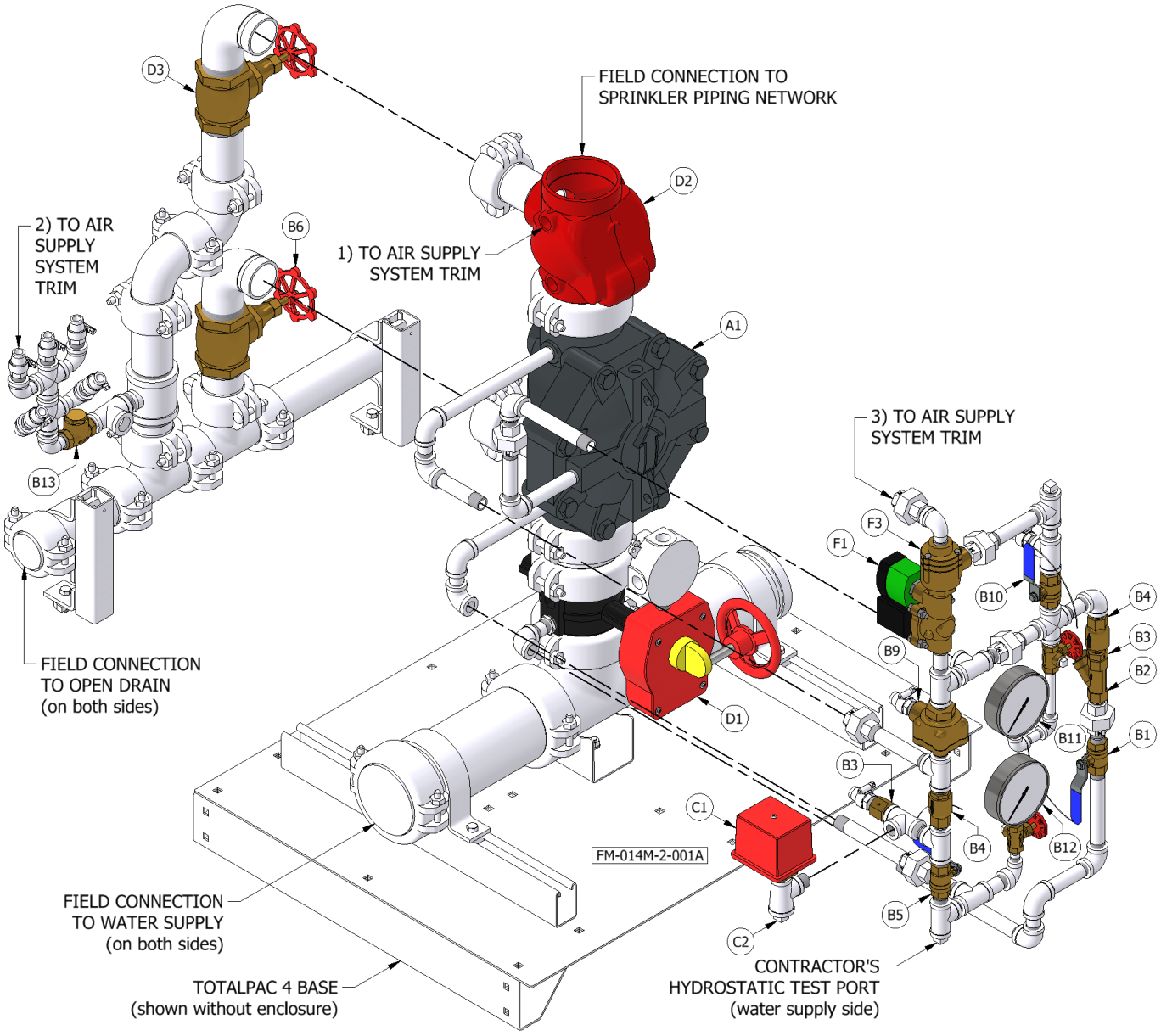
Numbers indicated between brackets refer to figure 1 DETAILED SYSTEM TRIM SCHEMATICS from this section and section **D** AIR SUPPLY.

2.1 Normal condition

1. Release control panel of the ***TOTALPAC®4*** system (if applicable)
   a) Green lamp identified AC POWER lights up.
   b) All other lamps are off.
   c) Green lamp for disable switch lights up.
2. Valves
   a) Main water supply valve *(D1)* is OPEN.
   b) All upstream water supply valves are OPEN.
   c) Priming valve *(B1)* is OPEN.
   d) Flow test valve *(B6)* is CLOSED.
   e) Main drain valve *(D3)* is CLOSED.
   f) Alarm test valve *(B5)* is CLOSED.
   g) Manual emergency release valve *(B10)* is CLOSED (handle in vertical position).
   h) Air supply is OPEN (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).
   i) All gauge valves are OPEN.
   j) Shut-off valve *(D4)* is OPEN (if applicable).
3. Gauges
   a) Water supply pressure *(B12)* shall not exceed 250 PSI (1724 kPa).
   b) Priming chamber pressure *(B11)* should be equal to, or higher than, water supply pressure *(B12)*.
   c) System piping network (FLX+PC *(E3)*) shall be at 35 PSI (241 kPa) or 55 PSI (379 kPa) (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).
4. Pressure switches & settings (factory set)
   a) Alarm pressure switch *(C1)* should activate when pressurized higher than 5 PSI (34 kPa).
   b) Low/high air pressure switch (FLX+PC *(E3)*) should activate when pressurized lower than 25 PSI/45 PSI (172 kPa/310 kPa) or higher than 40 PSI/60 PSI (276 kPa/414 kPa) (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).
   c) Very low air supervisory (FLX+PC *(E3)*) should activate when pressurized lower than 20 PSI (138 kPa) or 40 PSI (276 kPa) (see section **D** AIR SUPPLY).

Figure 1 - Detailed system trim schematic

Typical double interlock preaction system with electric/pneumatic release (4" (100 mm) system shown)



Trim components

- A1 Deluge valve
- B1 Priming valve (N.O.)
- B2 Strainer
- B3 1/8" (3.2 mm) Restricted orifice
- B4 Spring loaded check valve
- B5 Alarm test valve (N.C.)
- B6 Flow test valve (N.C.)
- B9 PORV (pressure operated relief valve)
- B10 Manual emergency release valve (N.C.) (shown in closed position)
- B11 Priming pressure water gauge & valve (N.O.)
- B12 Water supply pressure gauge & valve (N.O.)
- B13 Swing check valve
- C1 Alarm pressure switch (PS10-1)
- C2 ¾"-NPT (20 mm) connection to optional water motor gong (strainer to be supplied by contractor)
- D1 Main water supply valve (N.O.)
- D2 Riser check valve
- D3 Main drain valve (N.C.)
- F1 24VDC supervised solenoid valve (N.C.)
- F3 Pneumatic actuator

Preaction trim options

1. Shut-off valve & sight glass

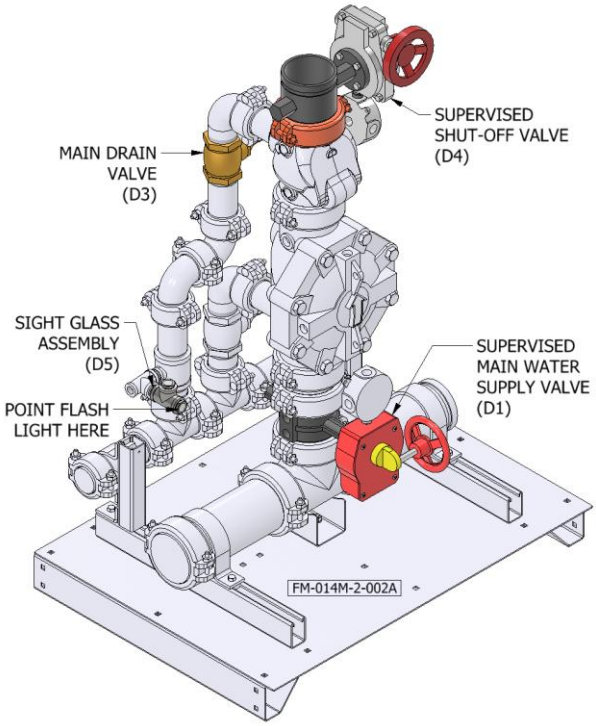
The shut-off valve & sight glass option is intended to be used for applications where testing of the system operation without filling the sprinkler piping network is desirable and where it is critical that all functions of the preaction system be tested under actual discharge conditions. Examples of such applications are freezers, ovens, museums, data processing and other hazards where the possibility of water leaking from the piping system is to be avoided at all costs.

Operation of the shut-off valve

Inspection of the system can be implemented without filling the sprinkler piping network with water.

1. CLOSE the sprinkler piping network shut-off valve *(D4)*; the valve is supervised on the same circuit as the main water supply valve *(D1)*.
2. OPEN the main drain valve *(D3)*.
3. Simulate the operation of the system to open the deluge valve *(A1)*; see annual test under section **B** INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE. Using a flashlight in the sight glasses, verify that water flows through the sight glass assembly *(D5)*.
4. Once tests are completed, make sure the main drain valve *(D3)* is completely CLOSED. Return the system in service as per section **B** PLACING THE SYSTEM BACK IN SERVICE.
5. Fully OPEN the shut-off valve *(D4)*. Reset the release control panel as per section **E** CONTROL BUTTONS.

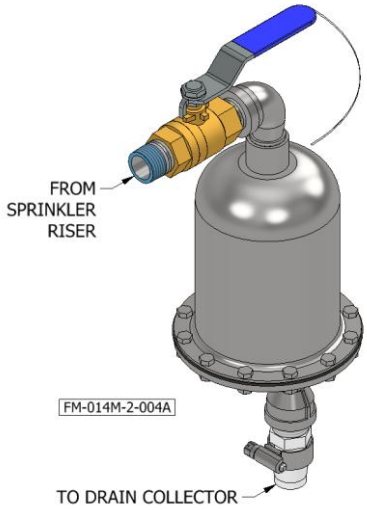
Figure 1 – Shut-off valve & sight glass
(system is shown without cabinet for clarity)



2. Anti-column device option

The model LD-1 anti-column device is an optional trim component designed for use with preaction sprinkler system. The anti-column device automatically prevents an unwanted water column from establishing within the system riser. On preaction sprinkler systems, the anti-column device prevents water from columning downstream of the easy riser check valve.

Figure 2 – Anti column device detail



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1. Cabinet Air Supplies

Preaction sprinkler system using air pressure for supervisory or releasing purposes is provided with either internal or external supervised air supply.

⚠ CAUTION

Pressures other than the factory pressure settings may affect the operation of the system.

Three (3) styles of air supplies are available for the ***TOTALPAC®4*** units depending on needs or configurations. These air supplies are all factory assembled, mounted in the cabinet and pressure tested. Following is the description of those options.

1.1 Air supply Style "A" (refer to figure 1)

Used only for the sprinkler piping network of preaction systems. Air supply style "A" includes the air compressor mounted inside the ***TOTALPAC®4*** cabinet with its supervisory trim and options. Air compressor is of the oilless piston type without reservoir and is factory piped to the sprinkler piping system riser, all within the ***TOTALPAC®4*** cabinet.

A factory wired isolation switch (see figure 2 in section **E** CONTROLS SECTION) is also provided in the ***TOTALPAC®4*** cabinet, allowing powering off the air compressor while some maintenance work on the unit is done, without disturbing the rest of the system.

To connect non-energized AC power to the air compressor, refer to field wiring diagram (see section **F** ELECTRICAL SECTION).

Table 1 - Air compressor F.L.A. (full load amp) rating

Air compressor size	115Vac 60Hz	208Vac 60Hz	230Vac 60Hz
1/6 HP	3.8 Amp	2.2 Amp	2.2 Amp
1/3 HP	4.3 Amp	2.3 Amp	2.3 Amp
1/2 HP	9.4 Amp	4.9 Amp	4.9 Amp
1 HP	11.3 Amp	5.7 Amp	5.7 Amp
1.5 HP	16.6 Amp	8.4 Amp	8.4 Amp
2 HP	n/a	11.3 Amp	9.6 Amp

See General Air data sheet for up-to-date information

Air compressor size	220Vac 50Hz	240Vac 50Hz
0.12 KW	2.0 Amp	2.0 Amp
0.25 KW	3.4 Amp	3.4 Amp
0.56 KW	7.5 Amp	7.5 Amp
1.2 KW	7.5 Amp	7.5 Amp
1.5 KW	6.3 Amp	6.3 Amp

NOTICE

Selection of the appropriate wire size is the responsibility of the installing contractor.

1.2 Air supply Style "B" (refer to figure 2)

Used only for the sprinkler piping network of preaction system, when an external air supply is provided by others (either a compressor, plant air or dry nitrogen cylinders) and piped to the air inlet port of the unit.

Air supply style "B" provides an APMD (air pressure maintenance device) trim, factory mounted in the ***TOTALPAC®4*** cabinet. The APMD regulates and restricts the inlet pressure. It allows an outlet pressure range from 5 PSI to 75 PSI (34 kPa to 517 kPa) ±2 PSI (14 kPa). An internal ball check valve prevents back flow.

⚠ CAUTION

When air supply style "B" is selected, the air supply should be provided and installed by the sprinkler contractor OUTSIDE of the ***TOTALPAC®4*** cabinet. Air supply is NOT provided with the unit.

1.3 Air supply Style "D" (refer to figure 3)

Mainly used with preaction system protecting refrigerated spaces and freezers, where a special dry external air supply unit is piped directly to the system riser inside the freezer itself, as shown in NFPA-13. Air supply style "D" provides only an air supervisory and shut-off trim.

Ambient temperature at the special external air supply unit location should not exceed 104°F (40°C). Refer to NFPA and Factory Mutual Codes & Standards for details on refrigerated spaces applications. Air supply style "D" can also be used when the contractor prefers to provide his own air supply & regulation trim, mounted outside the ***TOTALPAC®4*** cabinet.

NOTICE

External air supply MUST always be restricted to insure that the air supply cannot replace air as fast as it escapes when an automatic sprinkler operates.

⚠ CAUTION

When air supply style "D" is selected, the air supply should be provided and installed by the sprinkler contractor OUTSIDE of the ***TOTALPAC®4*** cabinet. Air supply is NOT provided with the unit.

2. Operation

2.1 Air supply Style "A" (refer to figure 1)

To apply air supply

Establish AC power for the air compressor by activating the correspondent circuit breaker at the electrical distribution panel. Start air compressor by activating the compressor isolating switch *(E15)* located on the junction box of the unit (see figure 2 in section **E** CONTROLS SECTION).

If the air compressor motor fails to start or slows down under load, shut the air compressor off. Check that the supply voltage agrees with the motor nameplate.

To close air supply

Turn off the compressor isolating switch *(E15)* (see figure 2 in section **E** CONTROLS SECTION).

To adjust air supply

The air compressor cut/in and cut/out pressure values are factory set. They should not need any adjustment.

The cut/in and cut/out pressure levels are set through DIP switches DS1-5, 6, 7, 8 of the FLX-PC module. If pressure adjustments are required, refer to section **E** CONTROLS SECTION.

Table 2 - Settings for default pressure values

System Configuration	DS1 Settings			
	5	6	7	8
Single Interlock, SureFire Release (175 PSI)		■		
Double Interlock, SureFire Release (175 PSI)		■		
Double Interlock, Electric/ Pneumatic Release (175 PSI)		■		
Single Interlock, SureFire Release (250 PSI)		■	■	
Double Interlock, SureFire Release (250PSI)		■	■	
Double Interlock, Electric/ Pneumatic Release (250 PSI)		■	■	

A shade box indicates an ON-state DIP switch; a white box indicates an OFF-state DIP switch.

2.2 Air supply Style "B" (refer to figure 2)

To apply air supply

1. Turn on upstream air supply.
2. OPEN APMD (air pressure maintenance device) input valve *(E6)* by placing handle in line with valve body.
3. OPEN APMD output valve *(E7)* by placing handle in line with the valve body.
4. OPEN bypass valve *(E8)* by placing handle in line with valve body in order to accelerate filling of sprinkler piping network by air pressure, while piping is initially filled.
5. Once the piping network pressure is reached, CLOSE the bypass valve *(E8)* by placing handle crossways to valve body, and kept in this position.

NOTICE

The bypass valve *(E8)* must be kept closed once the system is filled with air.

To close air supply

1. CLOSE APMD output valve *(E7)* by placing handle crossways to valve body.
2. CLOSE APMD input valve *(E6)* by also placing handle crossways to the valve body.
3. Be sure bypass valve *(E8)* is CLOSED (handle crossways to valve body).

To adjust air supply

1. Verify that APMD input valve *(E6)* and APMD output valve *(E7)* are both OPEN (handle in line with the valve body).
2. Be sure that bypass valve *(E8)* is CLOSED (handle crossways to valve body) prior to performing this operation.
3. Loosen lock nut of the APMD *(E5)* and turn pressure adjustment nut clockwise to increase air pressure or counter-clockwise to decrease pressure.
4. Tighten lock nut.

NOTICE

Depending on site conditions, the internal filter of the APMD may need maintenance on a regular basis. Refer to Viking data sheet #127 for more details.

2.3 Air supply Style "D" (refer to figure 3)

To apply air supply

1. Turn on upstream air supply.
2. OPEN air shut-off valve *(E6)*.

To close air supply

1. CLOSE bypass air shut-off valve *(E6)*.

3. Maintenance and inspection

⚠ WARNING

Advise local authorities of the necessary work over the fire protection equipment. In order to avoid accidental water release, it is considered good practice to completely close the main water supply valve *(D1)* while doing maintenance work.

3.1 Air supply Style "A" (refer to figure 1)

The Style "A" air accumulator should be drained once a year. The amount of moisture pumped into the system and how quickly it accumulates is proportional to the amount of humidity in the air and how long the compressor is in operation.

To drain the air supply accumulator

At least once a year, OPEN air option drain valve *(E12)* until all condensate water is drained from the air receiver. CLOSE air option drain valve.

Safety valve pressure

A safety relief valve is provided on standard compressor and is preset at the factory. Do not adjust or exceed safety relief pressure other than those preset at the factory.

⚠ WARNING

The relief valve and outlet pipe of the air compressor may become very hot during normal operation. Do not touch the valve, compressor heads or outlet piping until the compressor has been turned off and allowed to cool.

⚠ WARNING

Do not unscrew relief valve head entirely off while the compressor is operating. Ejection of valve parts could cause severe injury.

3.2 Air supply Style "B" (refer to figure 2)

The Viking Model D-2 APMD (air pressure maintenance device) *(E5)* is a pressure regulator that automatically reduces the supply air pressure to a pre-set requirement when connected to a constantly maintained air supply.

Determine the appropriate pressure to be maintained in the system. Refer to table 3 or table 4 of the current section. If adjustment is necessary, refer to paragraph 2.2 of the current section.

To clean APMD (air pressure maintenance device)

1. Turn off external air supply.
2. CLOSE APMD output valve *(E7)* by placing handle crossways to valve body.
3. CLOSE APMD input valve *(E6)* by also placing handle crossways to the valve body.

NOTICE

Never disconnect or disassemble the APMD (E5) without closing those isolation valves.

4. Carefully loosen the union between the outlet of APMD *(E5)* and the APMD output valve *(E7)* to relieve pressure.
5. Remove and clean air pressure maintenance device APMD *(E5)* filter. If admission filter is blocked, replace with filter kit (part #03007 A).

Refer to Viking data sheet #127 for additional details.

3.3 Air supply Style "D" (refer to figure 3)

The air or nitrogen supply provided must be continuous, clean, dry and oil free.

Determine the appropriate pressure to be maintained in the system. Refer to table 3 or table 4 of the current section.

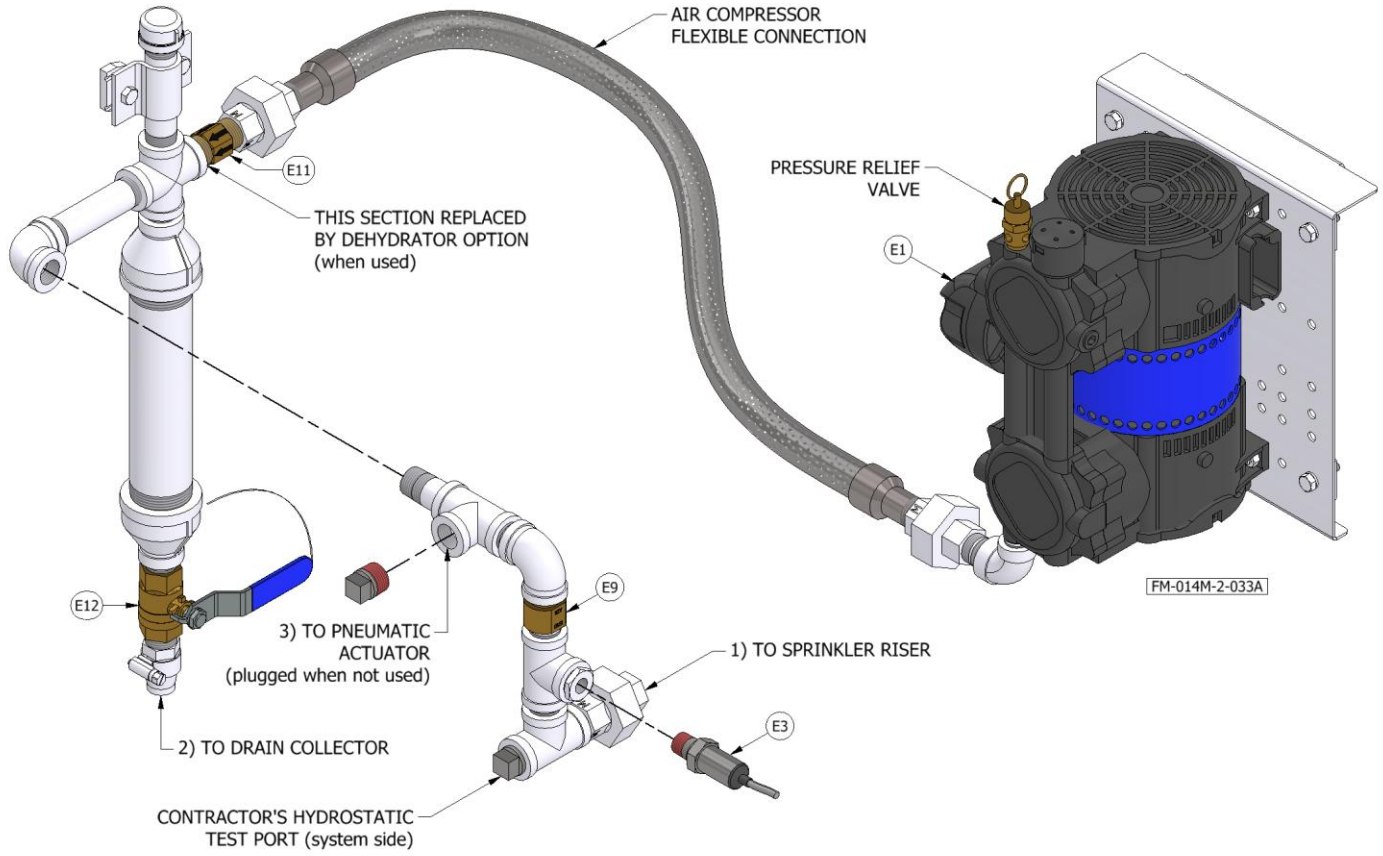
Table 3 - Water pressure up to 175 PSI (1207 kPa)

System type	Air supply Style	Air regulator	High air supervisory	Compressor start	Compressor stop	Low air supervisory	Very low air supervisory
Single interlock SureFire release	A	n/a	40 PSI (276 kPa)	30 PSI (207 kPa)	35 PSI (241 kPa)	25 PSI (172 kPa)	20 PSI (NYC)
	B or D	35 PSI (241 kPa)	40 PSI (276 kPa)	n/a	n/a	25 PSI (172 kPa)	20 PSI (NYC)
Double interlock Electric/pneumatic	A	n/a	40 PSI (276 kPa)	30 PSI (207 kPa)	35 PSI (241 kPa)	25 PSI (172 kPa)	20 PSI (NYC)
	B or D	35 PSI (241 kPa)	40 PSI (276 kPa)	n/a	n/a	25 PSI (172 kPa)	20 PSI (NYC)
Double interlock SureFire release	A	n/a	40 PSI (276 kPa)	30 PSI (207 kPa)	35 PSI (241 kPa)	25 PSI (172 kPa)	20 PSI (NYC)
	B or D	35 PSI (241 kPa)	40 PSI (276 kPa)	n/a	n/a	25 PSI (172 kPa)	20 PSI (NYC)

Table 4 - Water pressure from 175 PSI to 250 PSI (1207 kPa to 1724 kPa)

System type	Air supply Style	Air regulator	High air supervisory	Compressor start	Compressor stop	Low air supervisory	Very low air supervisory
Single interlock SureFire release	A	n/a	60 PSI (414 kPa)	50 PSI (345 kPa)	55 PSI (379 kPa)	45 PSI (310 kPa)	40 PSI (NYC)
	B or D	55 PSI (379 kPa)	60 PSI (414 kPa)	n/a	n/a	45 PSI (310 kPa)	40 PSI (NYC)
Double interlock Electric/pneumatic	A	n/a	60 PSI (414 kPa)	50 PSI (345 kPa)	55 PSI (379 kPa)	45 PSI (310 kPa)	40 PSI (NYC)
	B or D	55 PSI (379 kPa)	60 PSI (414 kPa)	n/a	n/a	45 PSI (310 kPa)	40 PSI (NYC)
Double interlock SureFire release	A	n/a	60 PSI (414 kPa)	50 PSI (345 kPa)	55 PSI (379 kPa)	45 PSI (310 kPa)	40 PSI (NYC)
	B or D	55 PSI (379 kPa)	60 PSI (414 kPa)	n/a	n/a	45 PSI (310 kPa)	40 PSI (NYC)

Figure 1a - Air supply Style "A" (for air compressor smaller than 1 HP)



Air style components

E1 Air compressor

E3 FLX+PC

Air compressor "cut-off" pressure switch (FLX+PC is used as cut/in and cut/out pressure switch)

System air pressure transducer (FLX+PC LCD screen is used as air pressure gauge)

Air pressure supervisory switch (FLX+PC is used as air pressure supervisory switch)

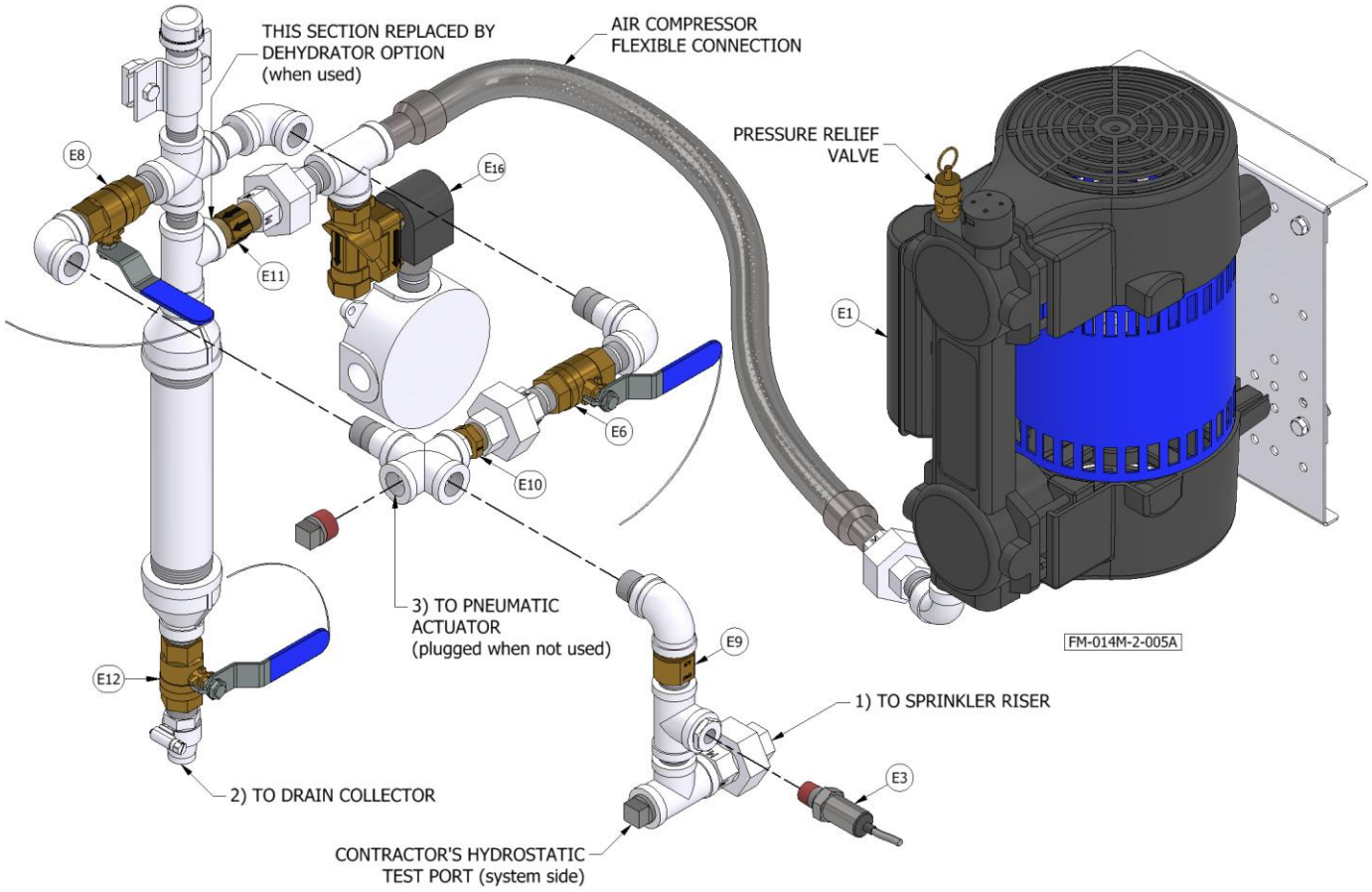
E9 Float check valve

E11 Air compressor check valve

E12 Air option drain valve (N.C.)

E15 Air compressor isolating switch (not shown)

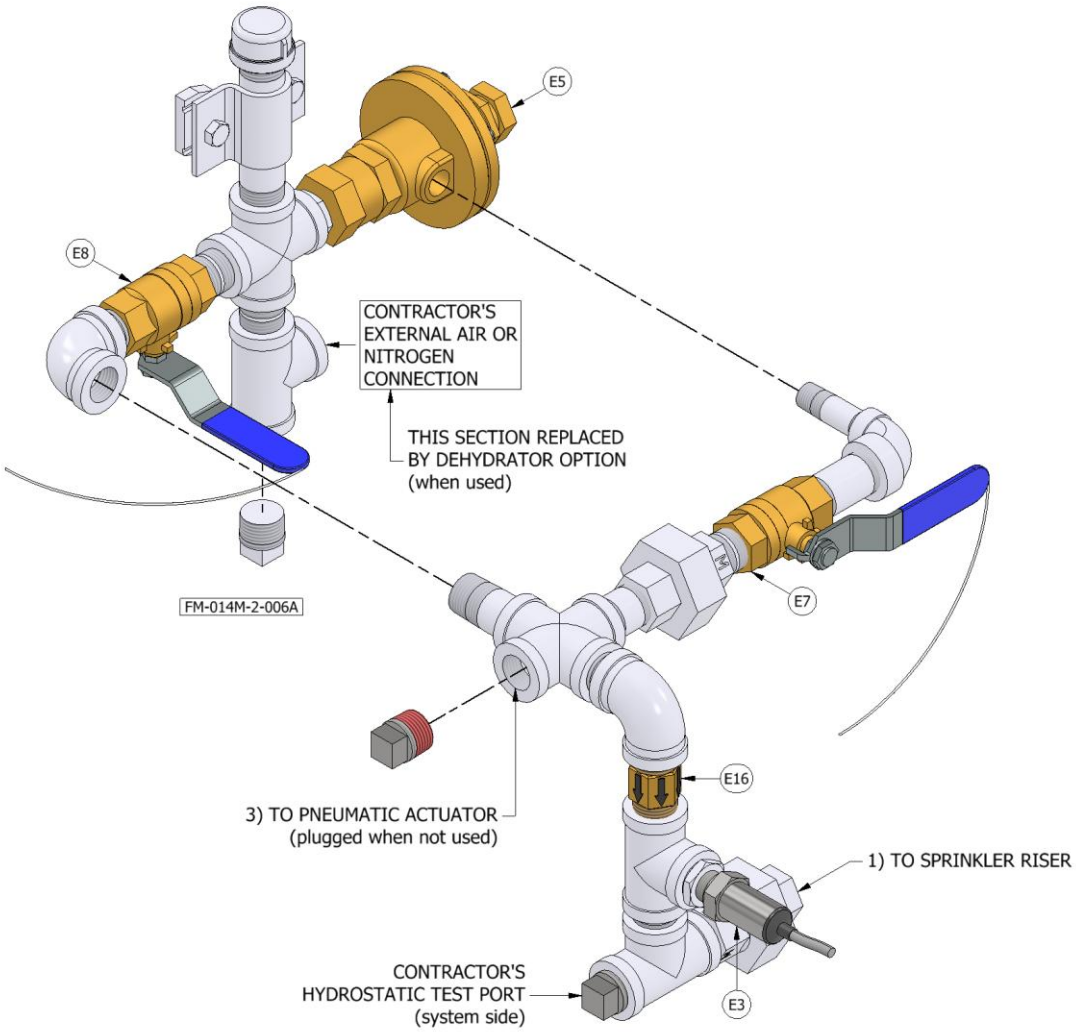
Figure 1b - Air supply Style "A" (for air compressor larger than or equal to 1 HP)



Air style components

- E1 Air compressor
- E3 FLX+PC
  - Air compressor "cut-off" pressure switch (FLX+PC is used as cut/in and cut/out pressure switch)
  - System air pressure transducer (FLX+PC LCD screen is used as air pressure gauge)
  - Air pressure supervisory switch (FLX+PC is used as air pressure supervisory switch)
- E9 Float check valve
- E11 Air compressor check valve
- E12 Air option drain valve (N.C.)
- E15 Air compressor isolating switch (not shown)
- E16 Air compressor unloader solenoid (N.O)

Figure 2 - Air supply Style "B"



Air style components

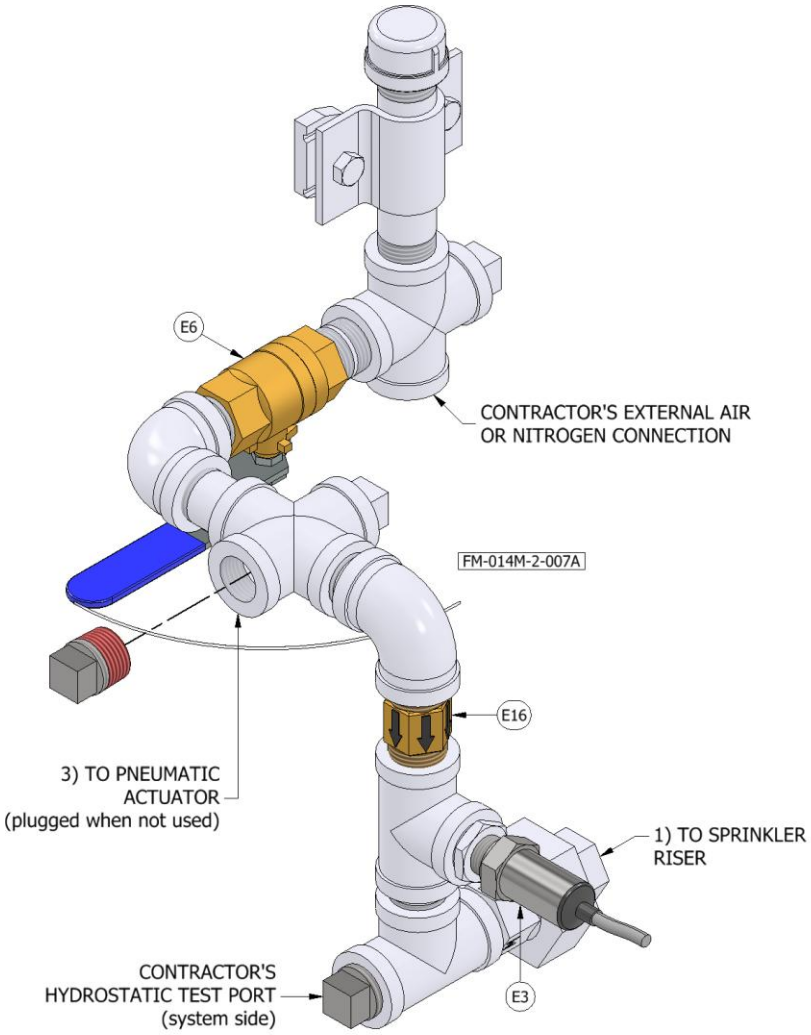
E3 FLX+PC)
System air pressure transducer (FLX+PC LCD screen is used as air pressure gauge)
Air pressure supervisory switch (FLX+PC is used as air pressure supervisory switch)
E5 APMD (air pressure maintenance device)
E7 APMD output valve (N.O.)
E8 APMD bypass valve (N.C.)
E16 Float check valve

D Integrated Fire Protection System

Air Supply - Preaction System

Figure 3 - Air supply Style "D"

Air supply connection for external air supply



⚠ WARNING

The external air supply must be restricted to ensure that it cannot replace air as fast as it escapes when a releasing device or automatic sprinkler operates. Refer to table 3 or table 4 for pressure settings.

Air style components

E3 FLX+PC
System air pressure transducer (FLX+PC LCD screen is used as air pressure gauge)
Air pressure supervisory switch (FLX+PC is used as air pressure supervisory switch)

E6 Air shut-off valve (N.O.)

E16 Float check valve

4. Air supply options

4.1 Dehydrator

The Viking dehydrator is a manually regenerated desiccant-type air dryer. The desiccant acts as a moisture indicator by changing color, and is visible through the sight glass.

Technical Information

1. The desiccant is silica gel having a -40°F (-40°C) dew point at a maximum 180°F (82°C) temperature with a regeneration temperature of 275°F (135°C). When the silica gel color changes from dark blue to light pink or clear, it has become saturated with moisture and must be changed.
2. The unit has a maximum drying capacity of 8100 ft^3 (229 m^3) of air to -40°F (-40°C) atmospheric dew point at inlet condition of 100 PSI (689 kPa), 50% relative humidity, 70°F (21°C) and 15 scfm (25.5 Nm^3/hr) before the desiccant becomes saturated.
3. The maximum air flow rating is 15 scfm (25.5 Nm^3/hr) at 100 PSI (689 kPa) per unit.
4. All ratings are based on 100°F (38°C) saturated inlet air temperatures at 100 PSI (689 kPa).
5. The aluminum bowl holds 2.5 lb (1.13 kg) of desiccant and is rated for a maximum temperature and pressure at 180°F (82°C) and 300 PSI (2068 kPa).
6. The silica gel desiccant is provided in a sealed 2.5 lb (1.13 kg) bag.
7. The unit has 1/4”-NPT threads on the inlet and outlet.
8. The dehydrator is available as a package unit (Viking P/N 16854), which includes the dehydrator, desiccant, and mounting brackets.
9. The unit is to be used on compressed air service only.

Operation of dehydrator

The dehydrator directs the incoming air down through the silica gel desiccant. The silica gel absorbs the moisture without physically changing. As the relative humidity increases, the silica gel begins to change color from dark blue to light pink, indicating the desiccant must be replaced.

To make dehydrator functional

1. CLOSE drain valve *(E12)*.

To drain dehydrator input line

1. CLOSE air shut-off valve *(E14)*.
2. OPEN drain valve *(E12)* to drain input line then CLOSE it.
3. OPEN air shut-off valve *(E14)*.

To replace desiccant

Once it has been drained, CLOSE the air supply control valve to the dehydrator.

Turn the clamp ring left while holding the bowl, and exert a downward pull until the clamp ring, and the bowl drop free.

Pour out used desiccant.

Follow instructions described on Viking data sheet #276 (form No. F_011711) provided with the silica gel recharge.

Maintenance

The dehydrator must be regularly inspected to ensure the drying capability of the desiccant. Replace the desiccant when the color has changed from dark blue to light pink. In addition, the recommended condensate trap should be drained on a regular basis. The frequency of the required maintenance is dependent upon the relative humidity and volume of air to be dried. Regular maintenance of the air supply equipment, such as draining condensation from the air compressor receiver, will increase the life of the desiccant.

Figure 4 - Dehydrator option for air supply Style "A"

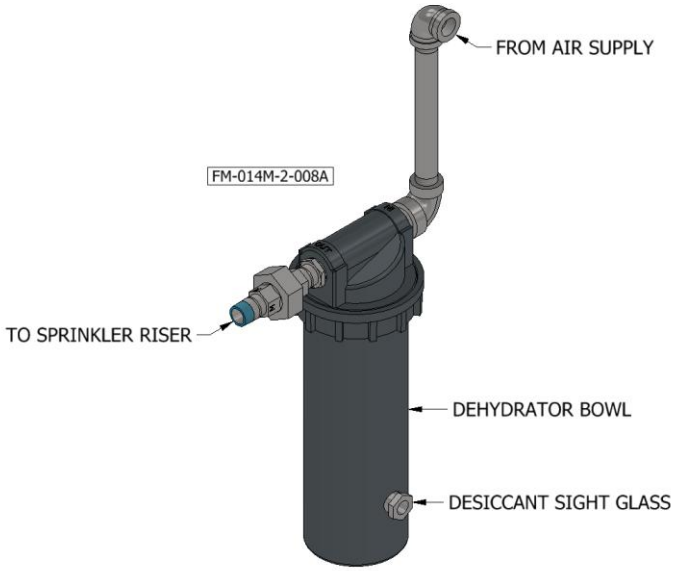
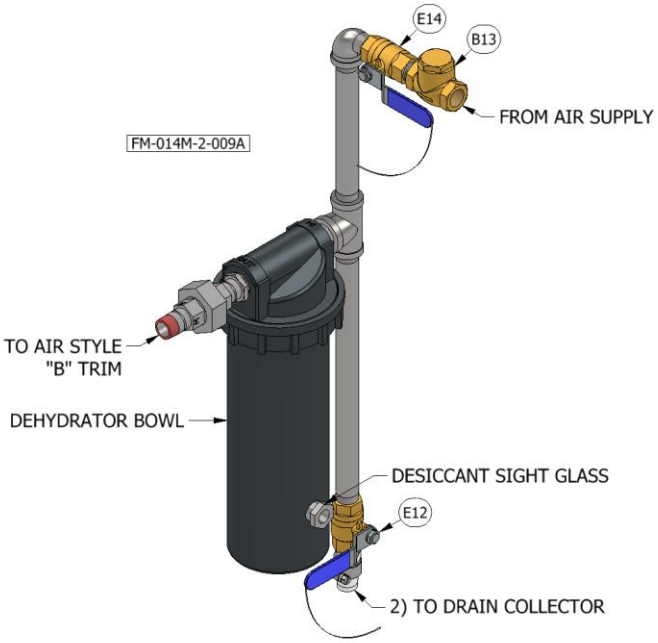


Figure 5 - Dehydrator option for air supply Style "B"



Air option components

B13 Clapper check valve
E12 Air option drain valve (N.C.)
E14 Air shut-off valve (N.O.)

1. Self-contained unit with integrated release control panel

1.1 Product description

The release control panel of the ***TOTALPAC®4*** system is an add-on unit that is installed inside the cabinet at the factory.

Once the left door is opened, the locked control panel door can be opened to give access to the control panel, the emergency battery compartment, and other related equipment.

A releasing circuit disconnect switch is located at left of the release control panel.

The control panel can be easily flipped once unlatched from the right side, giving access to electrical junction box of the unit.

1.2 Self-contained unit with Viking VFR-500 release control panel

The Viking release control panel model VFR-500 is a listed and approved, microprocessor based fire control/releasing panel. The battery compartment can hold two 12 volt batteries which are charged by an internal battery charger. Batteries are available to provide up to 90 hours of backup power during AC power failure.

The VFR-500 panel can be used with a wide range of compatible initiating devices such as pull stations, heat detectors (including linear heat detectors), photo-electric and ionization smoke detectors.

NOTICE

For complete compatibility list, please see the Viking VFR-500 Installation, operation and instruction manual provided with the ***TOTALPAC®4*** unit.

Each ***TOTALPAC®4*** unit is factory programmed according to system configuration. Field programming for additional modules is possible but will require a waiver from FireFlex Systems since it requires software change. Please consult FireFlex representative for programming information.

A field wiring electrical junction box is integrated with the cabinet for connection of detection system, auxiliary contacts and signaling devices. All supply, inputs & outputs are factory wired from the control panel to terminal strips (TBB & TBC) for contractor's field wiring (see figure 4 and the section **F** ELECTRICAL).

Gauges to indicate air, water supply pressure and priming water pressure are all visible through clear Lexan windows on the left door.

1.3 Technical Data

Cabinet

Steel enclosure: Refer to section **G** CABINET SECTION for further details.

Temperature: 39°F (4°C) to 120°F (48°C)

Humidity: 85% relative humidity (non-condensing) at 90°F (32°C) maximum

AC Power

Releasing control panel AC power shall be supplied by a dedicated circuit breaker, as per NFPA 70, Section 760 or Canadian Electrical Code, Section 32.

The panel is available for use with either 120VAC, 60Hz or 220/240VAC, 50/60Hz power supply.

The unit may be provided with an air compressor. Refer to section **D** AIR SUPPLY to determine applicable power requirements.

⚠ CAUTION

Branch circuit for the air compressor shall not be the same as the release control panel power source.

1.4 Visual Indicators

Red LED's:

- Initiating device circuit active (7)
- Notification/Release circuit active (4)
- Common alarm
- Discharging/Pre-discharge

Green LED:

- AC power

Yellow LED's:

- Supervisory initiating zone (7)
- Initiating device circuit trouble (7)
- Output circuit trouble (4)
- Power trouble
- Supervisory
- System trouble
- Earth fault
- Signal silenced

LCD Display

The LCD panel displays up to 80 characters of information, ie system messages, status information, trouble conditions, or input changes. It also provides access to main menu and programming functions.

The LCD brightness can be adjusted via holding ZERO on the keyboard and pressing FWD arrow. The intensity will go from low to high brightness; low brightness will resume once full brightness has been reached.

1.5 Control buttons

UP and DOWN arrows:

Moves/scrolls up or down through menus and events.

BACK and FWD arrows:

Scrolls from left or right to display details if any, of current menu item.

When a left or right arrow is displayed on the LCD, it indicates that more information is available.

Numeric Keypad:

The numeric keypad allows the user to enter the required user codes to access restricted functions. It also allows the user to enter numbers to quickly select menu options within some menus.

ENT pushbutton:

The ENT pushbutton within the numeric keypad displays the main menu or selects the currents menu option.

When a blinking right arrow is displayed on the LCD, it indicates the current menu option.

ESC pushbutton:

The ESC pushbutton within the numeric keypad returns to previous menu or backs up to previous screen.

ACK pushbutton:

The ACK pushbutton acknowledges the current displayed condition. The local buzzer will be silenced once all trouble and supervisory conditions have been acknowledged.

SIGNAL SILENCE pushbutton:

The SIGNAL SILENCE pushbutton will silence the local buzzer and all outputs programmed as silenceable. Holding this button for 5 seconds will reactivate silenced outputs.

⚠ CAUTION

Alarms initiated from a WATERFLOW signal cannot be silenced. The panel must be reset to silence audible devices.

ALARM SIGNAL ON pushbutton:

Hold the ALARM SIGNAL ON pushbutton for 5 seconds to activate alarm signal outputs circuits. Note that outputs being classified as second alarm does not activate.

RESET pushbutton:

The RESET pushbutton removes power from all initiating circuits and will clear any activated output circuits. If any alarm, supervisory or trouble still exists after reset, they will reactivate the control panel.

1.6 Date & time settings

1. Press ENT to enter in main menu.
2. Press **3** to set date and time.
3. Press BACK or FWD to select field.
4. Press UP or DOWN to select character; you can also use the numeric keypad.

5 Press ENT when settings are done.

6 Press ESC to quit menu and return to normal state.

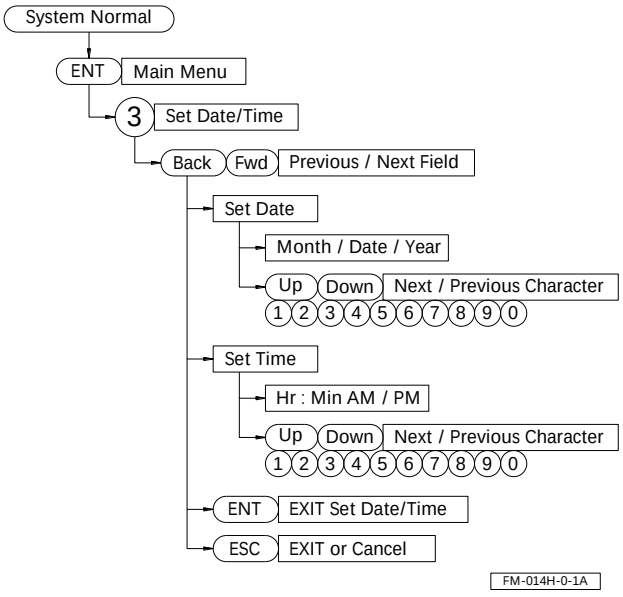


Figure 1 – Cabinet layout

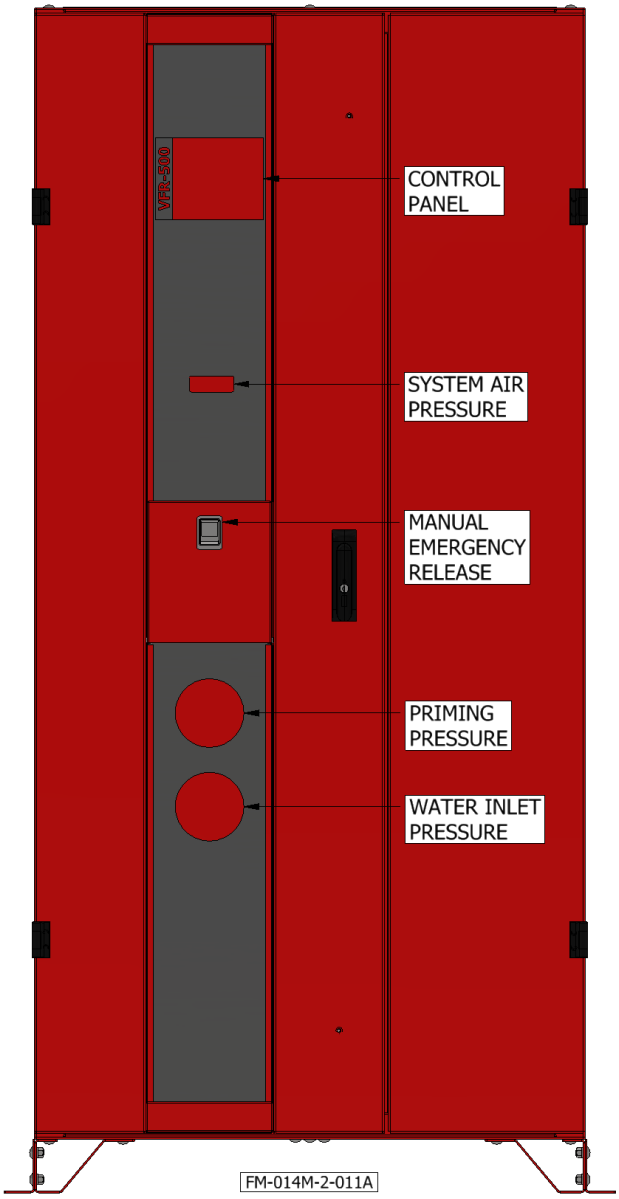


Figure 2 - Control equipment layout

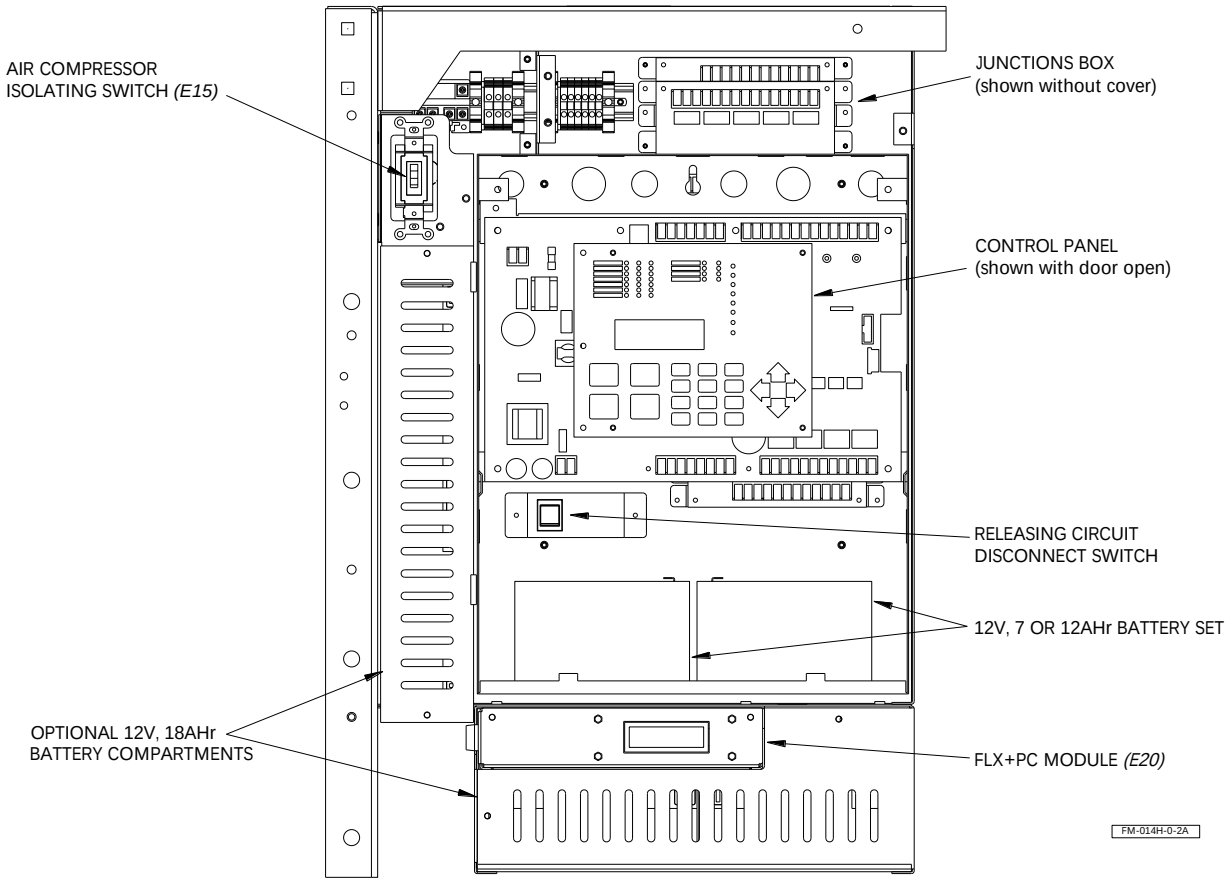


Figure 3 - Detail of VFR-500 User interface

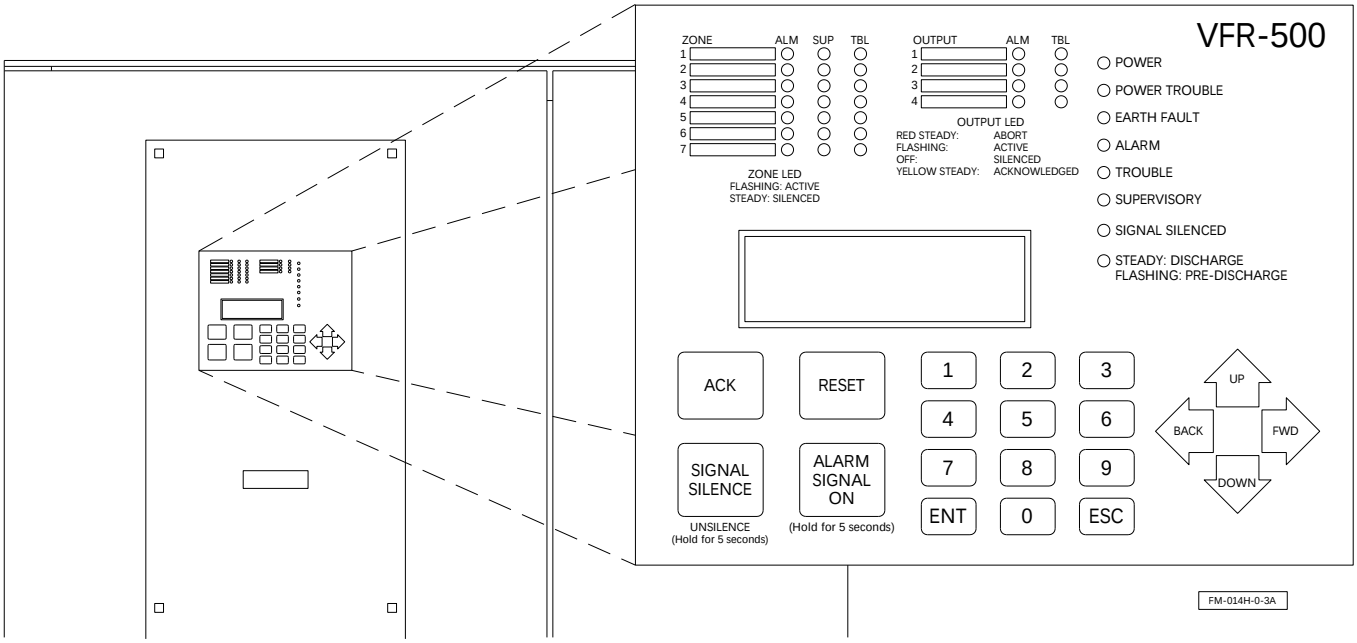
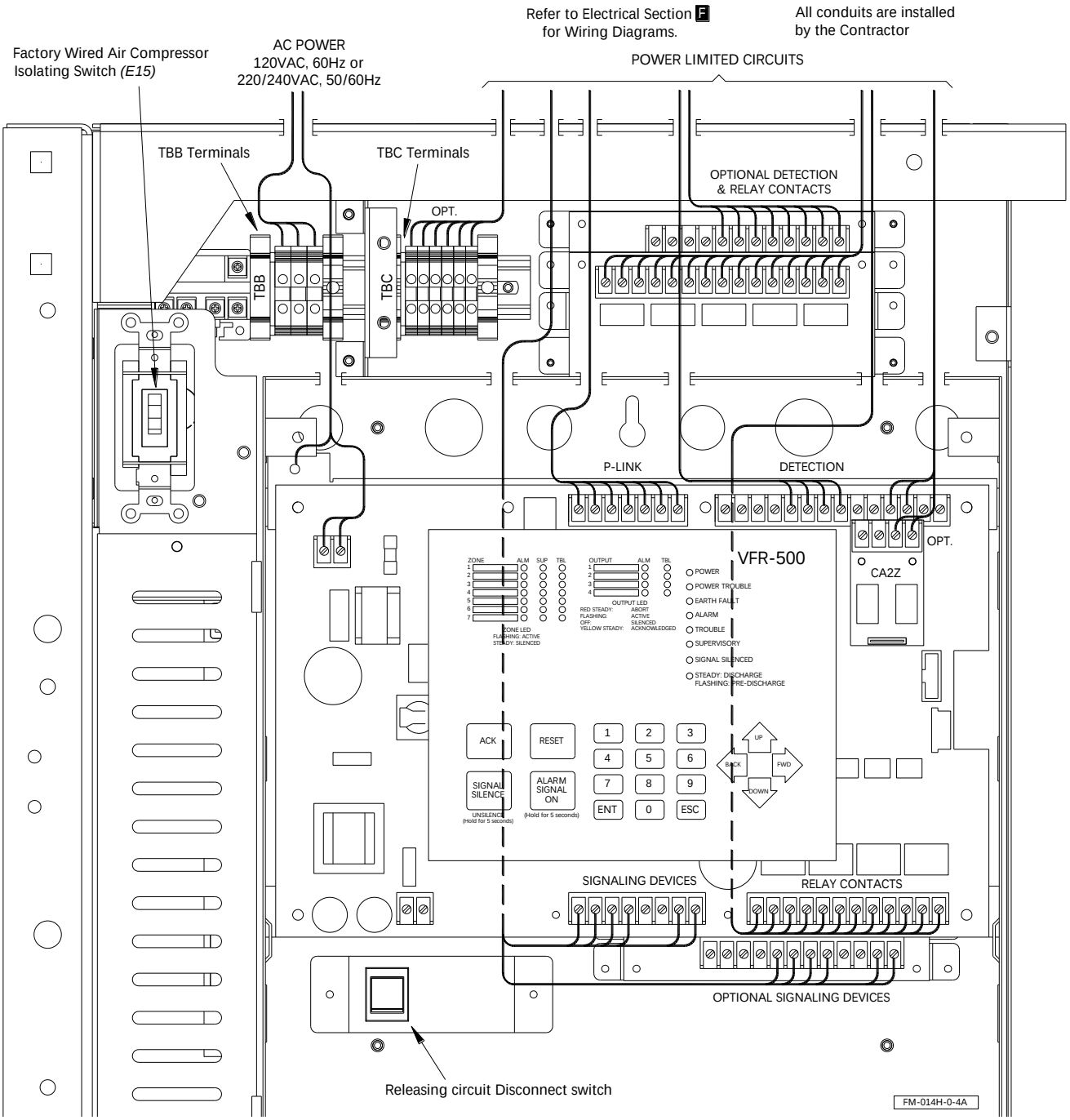


Figure 4 - Junction box layout and detail of wiring routing



2. Remotely controlled unit without release control panel

2.1 Product description

The ***TOTALPAC®4*** preaction unit is provided without release control panel. A field wiring electrical junction box is integrated within the cabinet for connection of pressure switches, supervisory switches, etc. They are factory wired to a terminal strip (TBA & TBC) for contractor's field wiring (see figure 6 and the section **F** ELECTRICAL).

2.2 Technical data

Steel enclosure: Refer to section **G** CABINET SECTION for further details.

Environment (electrical section): 39°F (4°C) minimum.

AC Power

The ***TOTALPAC®3*** unit may be provided with an air compressor. Refer to section **D** AIR SUPPLY to determine applicable power requirements and section **F** ELECTRICAL for contractor's field wiring to terminal strip (TBB).

Figure 5 – Cabinet layout

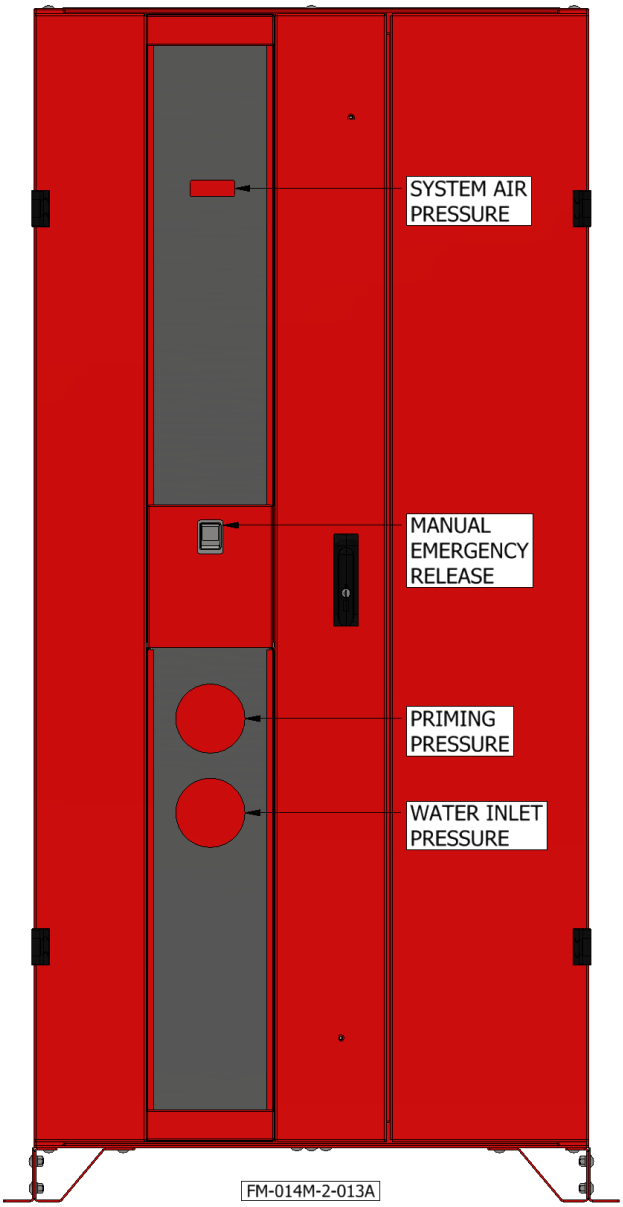
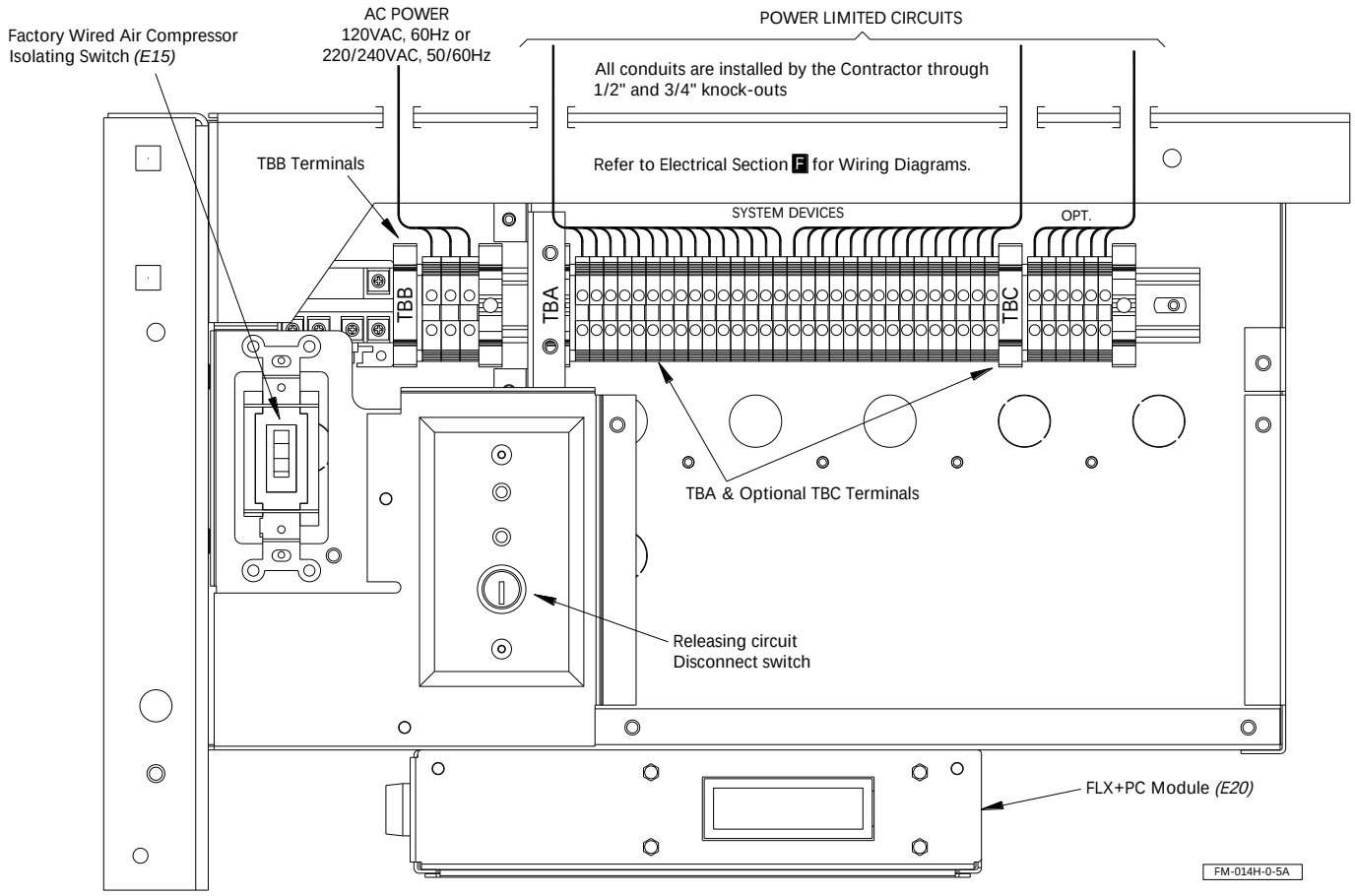


Figure 6 - Junction box layout for system without release control panel



3. *FLX+PC®* Pressure Controller

The ***FLX+PC®*** pressure control unit is factory installed and configured within the ***TOTALPAC®4*** self-contained unit. The unit is equipped with a microcontroller based circuit that uses a pressure sensor to analyze in real time the pressure in the piping network and perform various control operations. It includes a LCD type display with 2 lines of 16 characters that displays the status of the system. The display can be read from the front door of the ***TOTALPAC®4*** unit. A single push-button allows the user to perform the various commands.

The ***FLX+PC®*** unit is powered by the release control panel and consumes very little energy. Various pre-established parameters allow to conduct supervisory and fire protection system release via connections to the release control panel.

The ***FLX+PC®*** unit allows the control of the start-stop cycle of the air compressor according to pre-established parameters.

3.1 Display in Normal Condition

The system pressure is displayed in real time on the first line (see PRESSURE UNITS CONVERSION section for a list of other units of pressure).



The second line shows information on the operation of the air compressor. The hour meter on the left represents the time (in hours: minutes: seconds) between the last two starts of the pump; this gives an idea of the frequency of the pump. The hour meter on the right represents the operation time of the pump (in minutes: seconds) during its last start.

The limit of the time meter on the left is 9999:59:59. The one on the right is 99:59. Each counter restarts at zero when the limit is reached.

In the attached example, we can see that the air compressor starts approximately once a week (the last two cycles of the air compressor having been separated from 168 hours, 30 minutes and 25 seconds) and that the last startup time was 5 minutes, 20 seconds.

This information is useful for identifying a change of state in the pipe network or a change in the performance of the air compressor. In a normal state of supervision, the frequency and duration of operation should be constant with time.

3.1.1 LCD Display Intensity

The brightness of the LCD display is kept at a low level. By pressing the push-button momentarily, the display reaches its full brightness; the full brightness will be kept for a period of one minute.

The contrast of the LCD display is calibrated at the factory, but can be changed via the RV1 adjustment potentiometer located on the side of the unit.

3.2 Air compressor Control

The system is designed to maintain a pressure level in the piping network according to the preaction system configuration. They allow control of the internal air compressor. Those values are factory preset.

The configuration of the cut/in and cut/out values of the air compressor can be changed through DIP switches DS1-5, 6, 7, 8 of the FLX-PC. To have access to DS1, unscrew the 2 screws on front of the FLX-PC module (see figure 2) and slide out the unit until you get access to DS1.

⚠ CAUTION

DIP switches DS1-1, 2, 3, 4 of the FLX-PC are factory set and shall not be changed.

Refer to section **D** AIR SUPPLY for pressure settings according to your system.

The following table shows available pressure settings according to DIP switches DS1-5, 6, 7, 8 of the FLX-PC.

Table 1 - Settings for available pressure values PSI (kPa)

DS1 Settings				Comp. Start	Comp. Stop	Low Air	Very Low Air	High Air
5	6	7	8					
				20 (138)	25 (172)	15 (103)	10 (69)	30 (207)
■				25 (172)	30 (207)	20 (138)	15 (103)	35 (241)
	■			30 (207)	35 (241)	25 (172)	20 (138)	40 (276)
■	■			35 (241)	40 (276)	30 (207)	25 (172)	45 (310)
		■		40 (276)	45 (310)	35 (241)	30 (207)	50 (345)
■		■		45 (310)	50 (345)	40 (276)	35 (241)	55 (379)
	■	■		50 (345)	55 (379)	45 (310)	40 (276)	60 (414)
■	■	■		55 (379)	60 (414)	50 (345)	45 (310)	65 (448)
			■	60 (414)	65 (448)	55 (379)	50 (345)	70 (483)
■			■	65 (448)	70 (483)	60 (414)	55 (379)	75 (517)

A shade box indicates an ON-state DIP switch; a white box indicates an OFF-state DIP switch.

3.2.1 Supervisory pressure

The air compressor starts at low level preset value and stops at normal pressure preset value.



When the air compressor is in operation, the sign [+] appears to the right of the first line.

⚠ CAUTION

The air compressor will not operate if a trouble condition is present on the FLX+PC® unit.

3.3 Low and High Pressure

A supervisory signal is transmitted to the release control panel in the following situations:

```
20 PSI              D
LOW PRESS.
```

When the air pressure level reaches low level preset value. This can happen if the air compressor does not work. Refer to section **D** AIR SUPPLY to correct the situation.

If the air pressure level reached high level preset value, this indicates a high level of air pressure and this situation is abnormal. Refer to section **D** AIR SUPPLY to correct the situation.

```
35 PSI              D
HIGH PRESS.
```

NOTICE

Supervisory signals are kept latched for a period of 5 seconds.

3.4 Very low Pressure

Depending on the configuration of the VFR500 and the FLX-PC, an alarm pressure signal can be transmitted to the release control panel when the air pressure level reaches the very low level preset value.

```
15 PSI              D
V. LOW PRESS.
```

NOTICE

Alarm signal is kept latched for a period of 5 seconds.

3.5 Quick Detection of Sprinkler Opening

The ***FLX+PC***® unit is configured so that it can quickly detect an automatic sprinkler opening; this configuration is factory set. When this mode is enabled, the letter [D] is displayed to the right of the first line. This allows for a time of operation less than 5 seconds between the sprinkler opening and the opening of the deluge valve.

```
33 PSI              D
ALARM SPK
```

An alarm pressure signal is transmitted to the release control panel when a variation of the air pressure corresponding to the opening of an automatic sprinkler is detected.

NOTICE

This feature is not UL listed but it is FM approved.

⚠ CAUTION

This quick detection device contains electronic components that are used to monitor system air/nitrogen pressure. Radio transmitters or RF sources must be always kept at least one foot from the device. Additionally, shielded wire may be used to protect against accidental system activation. Failure to comply with these specifications could cause unintentional system activation.

3.6 Events History Log

The last 50 events are kept inside the ***FLX+PC***® unit for consultation.

To access this information, press and hold the push-button for 3 seconds then release the push-button.

```
***VER: 1.0.0***
1000:45:33 HRS
```

The first line indicates the version of the software of the ***FLX+PC***® unit.

The second line shows the total operating time of the air compressor. When the hour counter reaches the value of 9999:59:59, the counter returns to 0:00:00.

NOTICE

When the 24VDC supply is disconnected from the ***FLX+PC***® unit, the hour counter returns to 0:00:00.

Press the push-button momentarily to scroll through each of the events in history up to a maximum of 50 events. The list will go back to the first event at the end of the last event.

```
***VER: 1.0.0***
1 COMPR. STOP
```

The display will automatically return to its normal condition after 10 seconds of inactivity of the push-button.

NOTICE

When the 24VDC supply is disconnected from the ***FLX+PC***® unit, all events are cleared from the history.

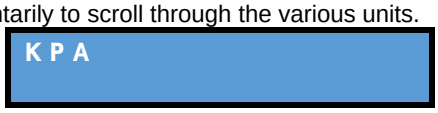
3.7 Pressure Units Display

The pressure unit can be displayed in KPA, PSI or BAR/PSI. The unit is factory set to PSI.

To change the unit, press and hold the push-button for 10 seconds then release the push-button.



The current unit will be displayed. Press the push-button momentarily to scroll through the various units.





Once the unit has been selected, the display will automatically return to its normal condition after 10 seconds of inactivity of the push-button; the change of units will be completed.

NOTICE

When a unit is changed, the hour counter returns to 0:00:00 and all events are cleared from the history.

3.8 Trouble Condition

A trouble signal is transmitted to the release control panel when the ***FLX+PC***® unit is not powered or a defect of the microcontroller is present.

⚠ CAUTION

The air compressor will not operate if a trouble condition is present on the ***FLX+PC***® unit.

NOTICE

When the 24VDC supply is removed from the ***FLX+PC***® unit, the hour counter returns to 0:00:00 and all events are cleared from the history.

3.9 Specifications

Supply voltage range: 20 to 28VDC

Maximum current consumption: 40mA under normal supervisory condition; 75mA under alarm condition

Pressure range: 0 to 250 PSI

The ***FLX+PC***® unit is factory wired. The configuration of the ***FLX+PC***® unit must only be performed by a qualified technician.

4. Coil supervisory switch

The coil supervisory switch may be either the monitored solenoid valve with an integrated surveillance switch or the Coilkeeper solenoid supervisory switch depending on the configuration. They serve the same function.

4.1 Monitored Solenoid Valve

The monitored solenoid valve is used as a release for Viking deluge and flow control valves. Opening the solenoid valve allows the deluge or flow control valve to open.

The integrated surveillance switch is connected to the supervisory circuit on the panel (Refer to section **F** ELECTRICAL). The switch is open when the coil is in place and installed correctly. The switch is closed and sends a supervisory signal when the coil is removed or not installed correctly.

For additional information, refer to Viking datasheet #F_031225_01.

4.2 CoilKeeper solenoid supervisory switch

The CoilKeeper solenoid supervisory switch unit is factory installed within both ***TOTALPAC®4*** self-contained and remote units. The CoilKeeper solenoid supervisory switch supervises the position of the coil on a solenoid valve stem against removal.

An electronic circuit determines the condition of the coil. Local LED type lights show the state of the coil under normal, maintenance or energized condition.

Green light shows normal condition of the coil.

Amber light shows coil is removed from the valve. A supervisory signal is shown at the release control panel. Reinstalling the coil onto the valve will require pressing the RESET button of the CoilKeeper to return it to normal state.

NOTICE

Amber light will flash if CoilKeeper fails to reset. Refer to Potter datasheet for troubleshooting.

Red light shows coil is being energized by the release control panel. This requires resetting the release control panel.

For additional information, refer to Potter datasheet #5401604.

1. Self-contained configurations

The Viking VFR-500 releasing control panel integrated within the **TOTALPAC®4** unit is factory wired and programmed with the configuration selected at the time of purchase, ready for contractor wiring.

All field wiring is to be wired to the contractor wiring junction box and terminals provided (TBB & TBC).

⚠ WARNING

Only the following pre-configured programs are Listed/Approved with the actual **TOTALPAC®4** unit. Changing for another pre-configured program may alter the fire protection capabilities of the system and/or void Listing/Approval and warranty. Consult FireFlex Systems before making any configuration change.

1.1 Releasing circuit disconnect switch

A key switch located on the left of the release control panel allows the user to electrically disconnect the N.C. solenoid valve for maintenance purposes. A supervisory signal and a trouble signal are present at the release control panel.

When disabled, the **TOTALPAC®4** unit remains operational with the opening of the manual emergency release valve, unless the main water supply valve is closed.

1.2 Electric/pneumatic release (single zones)

- **Operation Mode #1:** Single hazard, two alarm zones, one manual release zone, one water flow zone and two supervisory zones.

On activation of **either** ZONE 3 (detection) **or** ZONE 4 (detection), or the activation of ZONE 6 (manual release), the system alarm audible devices sound and if required, can be silenced manually. The N.C. (normally closed) solenoid valve of the system is energized. When air pressure is released from the piping network, it allows the water to escape from the priming chamber of the deluge valve. The clapper of the deluge valve opens, filling the outlet chamber and sprinkler piping network with water. The ZONE 5 (water flow) is activated. System water flow audible devices and the water motor gong (if installed) will sound. Water is discharged through opened automatic sprinklers.

NOTICE

When ZONE 5 (water flow) is activated, the alarm audible devices sound and cannot be silenced.

On activation of ZONE 1 (low air pressure) or ZONE 2 (valve tamper), supervisory audible devices will sound.

Table 1 - Operation Mode #1: Output and relay circuits activated by input circuits

Operation Mode #1 DOUBLE INTERLOCK PREACTION ELECTRIC/PNEUMATIC RELEASE (SINGLE ZONES)			OUTPUT CIRCUITS (NAC)				RELAY CIRCUITS				EVENTS	
			1	2	3	4						
INPUT CIRCUITS			ALARM BELL	WATERFLOW BELL	RELEASE SOLENOID	SUPERVISORY BELL	TROUBLE RELAY	ALARM RELAY	SUPERVISORY RELAY	WATERFLOW RELAY	PREACTION FILLING WITH WATER	PREACTION RELEASING IN HAZARD
SUPERVISORY ZONE	1	Low air pressure				**A**	**T**		**A**			
	2	Valve tamper [2]				**A**	**T**		**A**			
	7	Disable switch [3]				**A**	**T**		**A**			
ALARM ZONE	3	Heat/smoke detectors	**A**		**A**		**T**	**A**				
	4	Heat/smoke detectors	**A**		**A**		**T**	**A**				
	5	Water flow	**A**	**A**			**T**	**A**		**A**		
	6	Manual release	**A**		**A**		**T**	**A**				
EVENTS	Opening of a sprinkler without DETECTION condition					**E**			**E**			
	Opening of a sprinkler after DETECTION condition										**E**	**E**
	AC power failure [1]						**E**					
	Battery failure						**E**					
	NAC open/short circuit						**E**					
	Coil removed from valve					**E**			**E**			
	Ground fault						**E**					

A = Alarm activated (on short circuit) **T** = Trouble activated (on open circuit) **E** = Event actuated

(1) Trouble relay will activate 60 minutes after trouble LED and local buzzer.

(2) Also activated by the optional shut-off valve.

(3) Also activated by removed coil from solenoid valve stem.

1.3 Electric/pneumatic release (crossed zones)

- **Operation Mode #12:** Single hazard, two alarm zones, one manual release zone, one water flow zone and two supervisory zones.

On activation of **both** ZONE 3 (detection) **and** ZONE 4 (detection), or the activation of ZONE 6 (manual release), the system alarm audible devices sound and if required, can be silenced manually. The normally closed (N.C.) solenoid valve of the system is energized.

When air pressure is released from the piping network, it allows the water to escape from the priming chamber of the deluge valve. The clapper of the deluge valve opens, filling the outlet chamber and sprinkler piping network with water. The ZONE 5 (water flow) is activated. System water flow audible devices and the water motor gong (if installed) will sound. Water is discharged through opened automatic sprinklers.

NOTICE

When ZONE 5 (water flow) is activated, the alarm audible devices sound and cannot be silenced.

On activation of ZONE 1 (valve tamper) or ZONE 2 (low air pressure), supervisory audible devices will sound.

Table 2 - Operation Mode #12: Output and relay circuits activated by input circuits

Operation Mode #12 DOUBLE INTERLOCK PREACTION ELECTRIC/PNEUMATIC RELEASE (CROSSED ZONES)			OUTPUT CIRCUITS (NAC)				RELAY CIRCUITS				EVENTS	
			1	2	3	4						
INPUT CIRCUITS			ALARM BELL	WATERFLOW BELL	RELEASE SOLENOID	SUPERVISORY BELL	TROUBLE RELAY	ALARM RELAY	SUPERVISORY RELAY	WATERFLOW RELAY	PREACTION FILLING WITH WATER	PREACTION RELEASING IN HAZARD
SUPERVISORY ZONE	1	Low air pressure				**A**	**T**		**A**			
	2	Valve tamper [2]				**A**	**T**		**A**			
	7	Disable switch [3]				**A**	**T**		**A**			
ALARM ZONE	3	Heat/smoke detectors	**A**		**X**		**T**	**A**				
	4	Heat/smoke detectors	**A**				**T**	**A**				
	5	Water flow	**A**	**A**			**T**	**A**		**A**		
	6	Manual release	**A**		**A**		**T**	**A**				
EVENTS		Opening of a sprinkler without DETECTION condition				**E**			**E**			
		Opening of a sprinkler after DETECTION condition									**E**	**E**
		AC power failure [1]					**E**					
		Battery failure					**E**					
		NAC open/short circuit					**E**					
		Coil removed from valve				**E**			**E**			
		Ground fault					**E**					

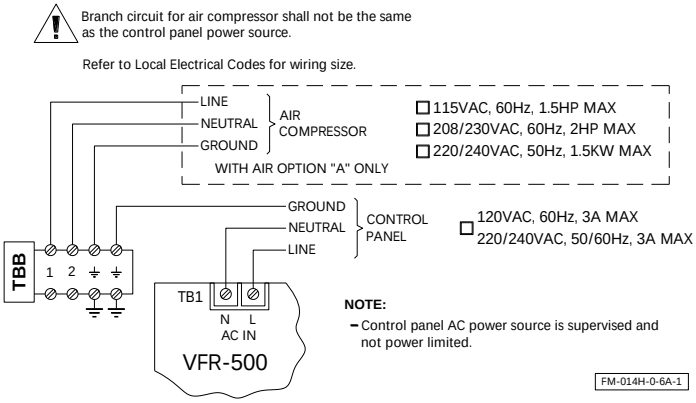
A = Alarm activated (on short circuit) **T** = Trouble activated (on open circuit) **E** = Event actuated **X** = Crossed zones

(1) Trouble relay will activate 60 minutes after trouble LED and local buzzer.

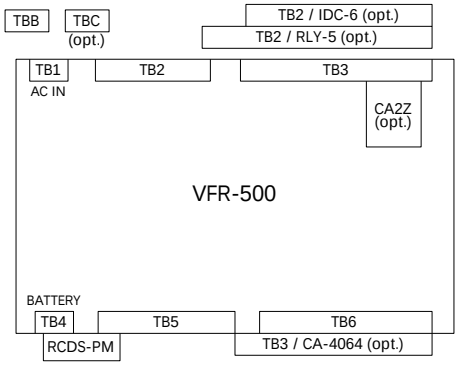
(2) Also activated by the optional shut-off valve.

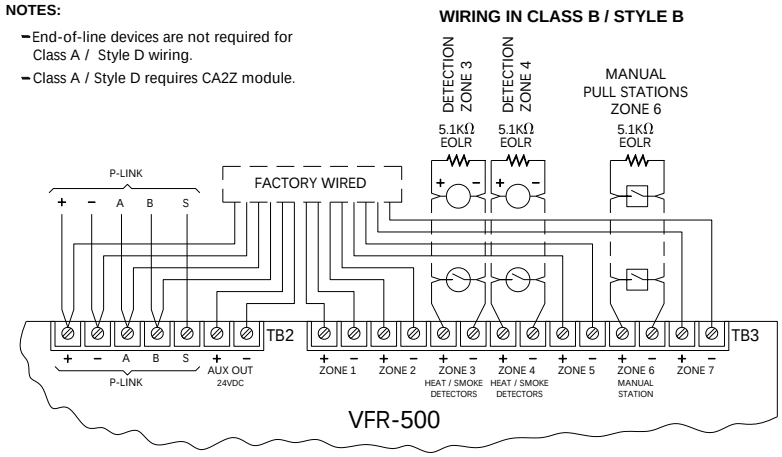
(3) Also activated by removed coil from solenoid valve stem.

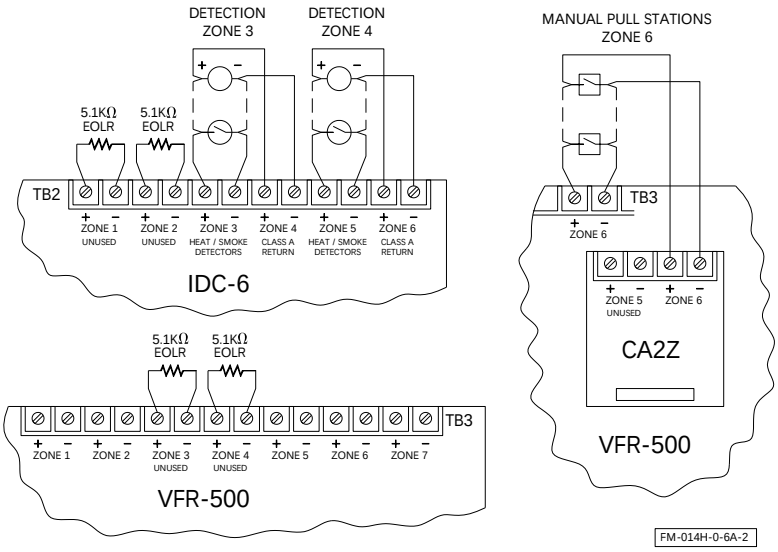
Figure 1 - Field wiring diagrams



Module locations







Power limited (supervised) initiating device circuits

Zones 3 (detection), 4 (detection) and 6 (manual release):

- Max. loop resistance: 100Ω
- Max. linear heat cable resistance: 700Ω
- Max. wiring capacitance: 20µF
- Max. wire length: 10 000ft (3048m)
- End of line: 5.1K ohms, 1/4W
- Leave ELR (provided) on all unused circuits.

Refer to the VFR-500 release control panel manual for device compatibility.

Auxiliary power 24Vdc regulated source

- Max. current available: 1.0A
- Total current available (including NAC): 3.0A
- Resettable for 4 wires smoke detectors

Power limited (supervised) notification appliance circuits

Output circuits 1, 2 and 4:

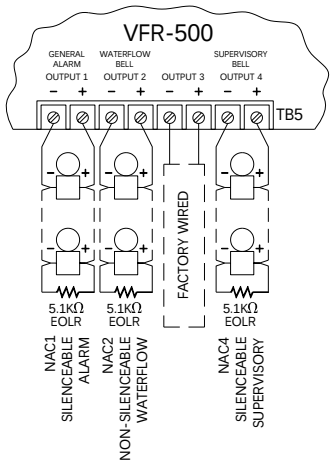
- Maximum usable current per circuit: 3.0A
- Total current available (all circuits): 3.0A
- End of line: 5.1KΩ, 1/4W
- Polarity is reversed in supervisory condition.
- Leave ELR (provided) on all unused circuits.

All devices are shown under their normal supervisory state.

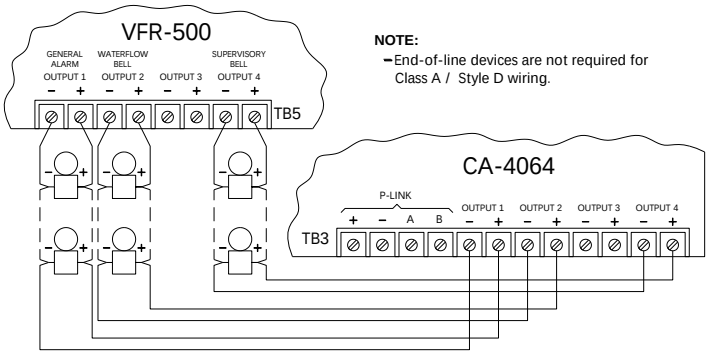
Refer to the VFR-500 release control panel manual for device compatibility.

Field wiring diagrams (continued)

WIRING IN CLASS B / STYLE Y

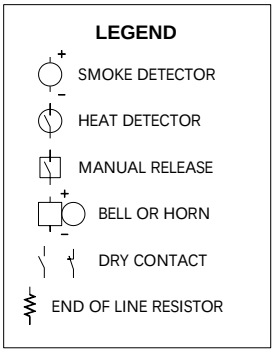


OPTIONAL WIRING IN CLASS A / STYLE Z

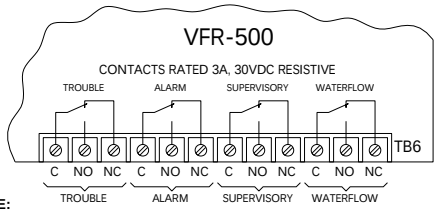


NOTE:
- End-of-line devices are not required for Class A / Style D wiring.

LEGEND

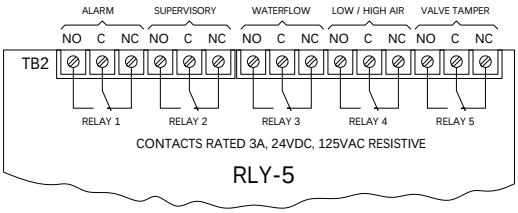


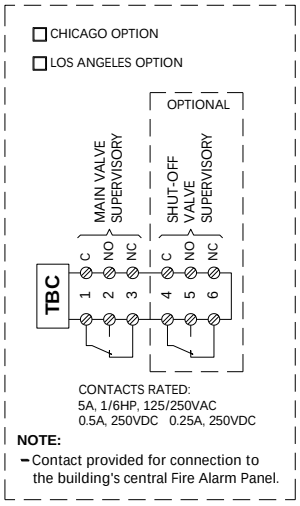
AUXILIARY RELAYS



NOTE:
- Use dry contacts with power limited circuits only.

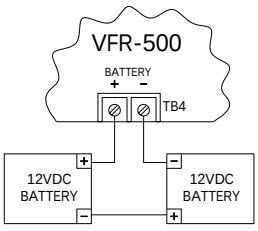
OPTIONAL AUXILIARY RELAYS



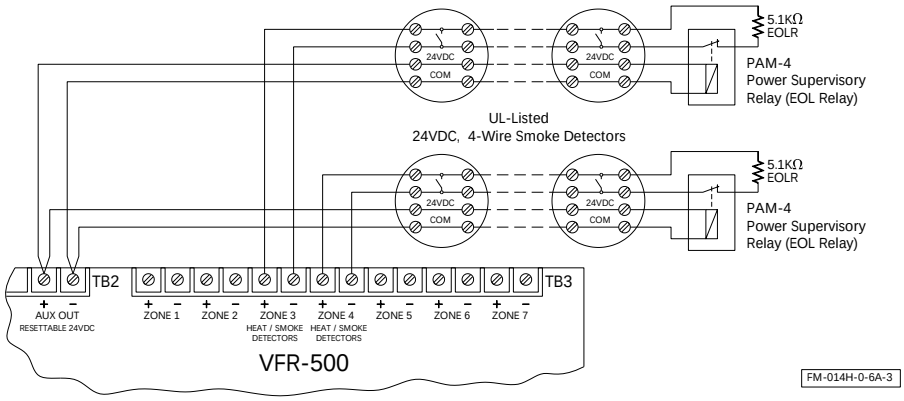


NOTE:
- Contact provided for connection to the building's central Fire Alarm Panel.

BATTERY CONNECTIONS



WIRING OF POWER LIMITED 4-WIRE DETECTION CIRCUITS



FM-014H-0-6A-3

1.4 Electric/pneumatic release, NYC (single zone)

- **Operation Mode #5:** Single hazard, one alarm zone, one manual release zone, one water flow zone and three supervisory zones.

On activation of ZONE 3 (detection) or ZONE 6 (manual release), the system alarm audible devices sound and if required, can be silenced manually. The normally closed (N.C.) solenoid valve of the system is energized. When air pressure is released from the piping network, it allows the water to escape from the priming chamber of the deluge valve. The clapper of the deluge valve opens, filling the outlet chamber and sprinkler piping network with water. The ZONE 5 (water flow) is activated. System water flow audible devices and the water motor gong (if installed) will sound. Water is discharged through opened automatic sprinklers.

NOTICE

When ZONE 5 (water flow) is activated, the alarm audible devices sound and cannot be silenced.

On activation of ZONE 1 (valve tamper), ZONE 2 (low air pressure) or ZONE 4 (very low air pressure), supervisory audible devices will sound.

Table 3 - Operation Mode #5: Output and relay circuits activated by input circuits

Operation Mode #5 DOUBLE INTERLOCK PREACTION ELECTRIC/PNEUMATIC RELEASE (NYC - SINGLE ZONES)			OUTPUT CIRCUITS (NAC)				RELAY CIRCUITS				EVENTS	
			1	2	3	4						
INPUT CIRCUITS			ALARM BELL	SUPERVISORY BELL	RELEASE SOLENOID	TROUBLE BELL	TROUBLE RELAY	ALARM RELAY	SUPERVISORY RELAY	WATERFLOW RELAY	PREACTION FILLING WITH WATER	PREACTION RELEASING IN HAZARD
SUPERVISORY ZONE	1	Valve tamper [2]		**A**		**T**	**T**		**A**			
	2	Low air pressure		**A**		**T**	**T**		**A**			
	7	Disable switch [3]		**A**		**T**	**T**		**A**			
ALARM ZONE	3	Heat/smoke detectors	**A**		**A**	**T**	**T**	**A**				
	4	Very low air pressure		**A**		**T**	**T**		**A**			
	5	Water flow	**A**			**T**	**T**	**A**		**A**		
	6	Manual release	**A**		**A**	**T**	**T**	**A**				
EVENTS		Opening of a sprinkler without DETECTION condition		**E**					**E**			
		Opening of a sprinkler after DETECTION condition									**E**	**E**
		AC power failure [1]				**E**	**E**					
		Battery failure				**E**	**E**					
		NAC open/short circuit				**E**	**E**					
		Coil removed from valve		**E**					**E**			
		Ground fault				**E**	**E**					

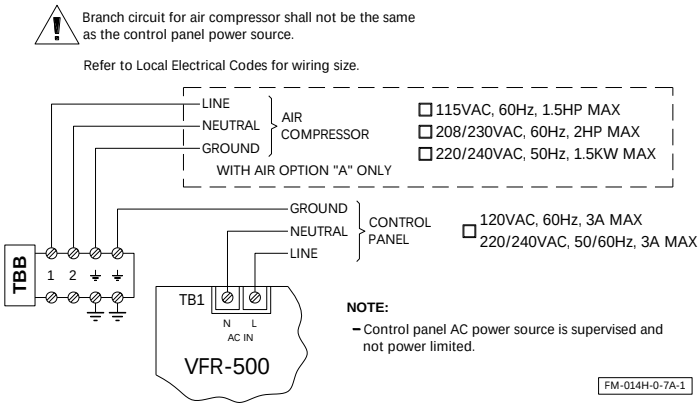
A = Alarm activated (on short circuit) **T** = Trouble activated (on open circuit) **E** = Event actuated

(1) Trouble relay will activate 60 minutes after trouble LED and local buzzer.

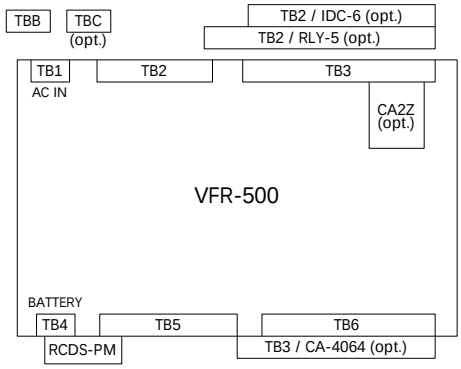
(2) Also activated by the optional shut-off valve.

(3) Also activated by removed coil from solenoid valve stem.

Figure 2 - Field wiring diagrams - NYC



Module locations

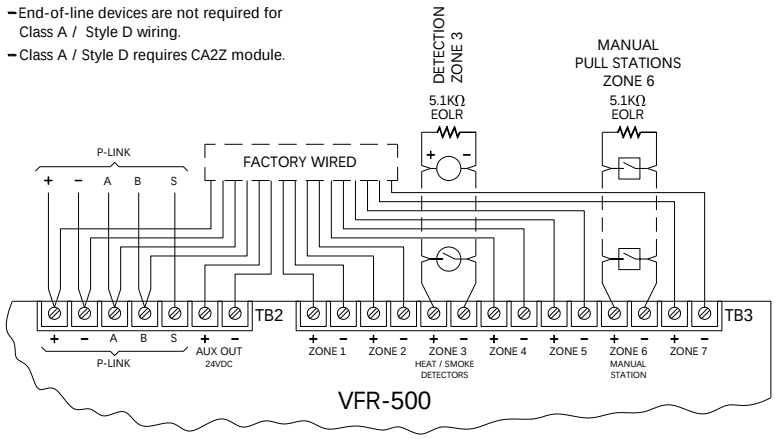


NOTES:

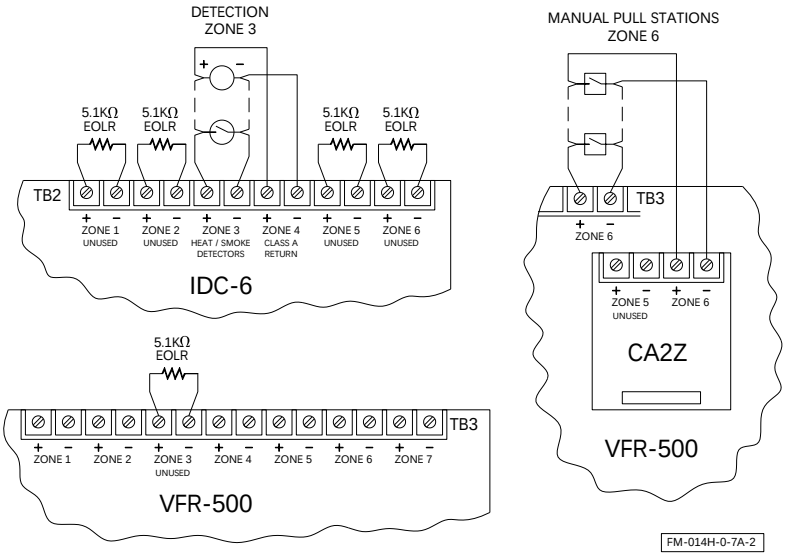
– End-of-line devices are not required for Class A / Style D wiring.

– Class A / Style D requires CA2Z module.

WIRING IN CLASS B / STYLE B



OPTIONAL WIRING IN CLASS A / STYLE D



Power limited (supervised) initiating device circuits

Zones 3 (detection) and 6 (manual release):

- Max. loop resistance: 100Ω
- Max. linear heat cable resistance: 700Ω
- Max. wiring capacitance: 20µF
- Max. wire length: 10 000ft (3048m)
- End of line: 5.1K ohms, 1/4W
- Leave ELR (provided) on all unused circuits.

Refer to the VFR-500 release control panel manual for device compatibility.

Auxiliary power 24Vdc regulated source

Max. current available: 1.0A

Total current available (including NAC): 3.0A

Resettable for 4 wires smoke detectors

Power limited (supervised) notification appliance circuits

Output circuits 1, 2 and 4:

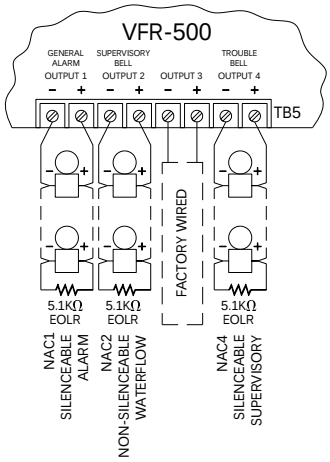
- Maximum usable current per circuit: 3.0A
- Total current available (all circuits): 3.0A
- End of line: 5.1KΩ, 1/4W
- Polarity is reversed in supervisory condition.
- Leave ELR (provided) on all unused circuits.

All devices are shown under their normal supervisory state.

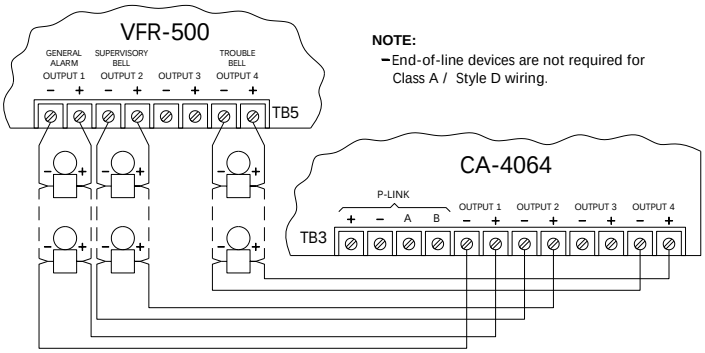
Refer to the VFR-500 release control panel manual for device compatibility.

Field wiring diagrams - NYC (continued)

WIRING IN CLASS B / STYLE Y

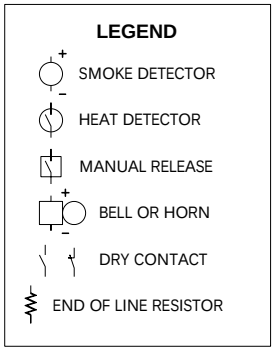


OPTIONAL WIRING IN CLASS A / STYLE Z

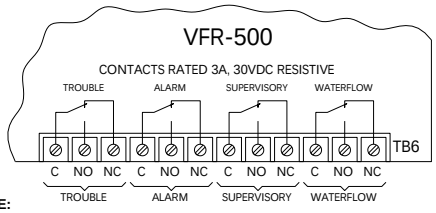


NOTE:
- End-of-line devices are not required for Class A / Style D wiring.

LEGEND

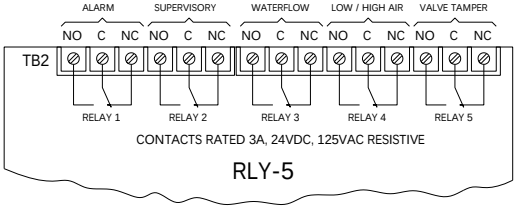


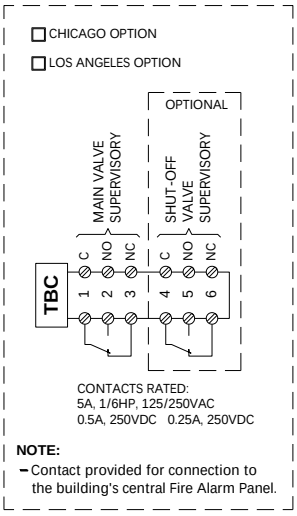
AUXILIARY RELAYS



NOTE:
- Use dry contacts with power limited circuits only.

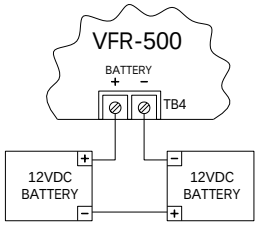
OPTIONAL AUXILIARY RELAYS



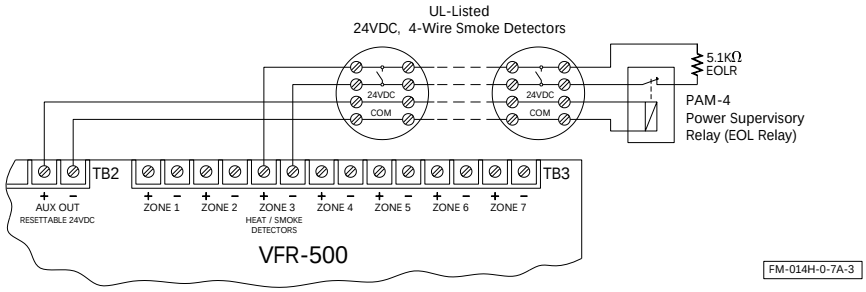


NOTE:
- Contact provided for connection to the building's central Fire Alarm Panel.

BATTERY CONNECTIONS



WIRING OF POWER LIMITED 4-WIRE DETECTION CIRCUITS



FM-014H-0-7A-3

2. Optional Modules

2.1 Relay module RLY-5

The RLY-5 is an auxiliary relay module designed to operate with the VFR-500 release control panel to provide an additional 5 independent form C relay outputs.

The RLY-5 is factory installed inside the junction box of the ***TOTALPAC®4*** self-contained unit.

The release control panel communicates with the RLY-5 via the P-LINK and 24VDC auxiliary power connections from the VFR-500.

The address of the RLY-5 is assigned at factory. The VFR-500 is configured accordingly.

Each relay operation is factory defined.

⚠ CAUTION

Reassigning the relay operation will require a waiver from FireFlex Systems since it requires software change. Please consult FireFlex representative for different relay operation.

Figure 3 – RLY-5 wiring

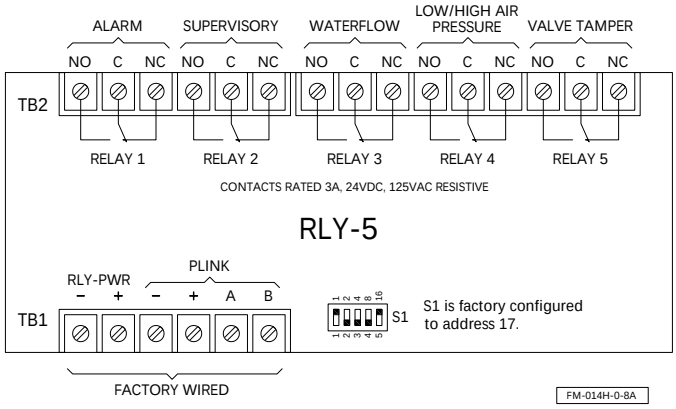


Table 4 - DIP switches address settings

Each module has its own address. This address must match the address being configured within the VFR-500 panel.

	DIP Switch Settings				
	1	2	3	4	5
Address	1	2	4	8	16
1	■				
2		■			
3	■	■			
4			■		
5	■		■		
6		■	■		
7	■	■	■		
8				■	
9	■			■	
10		■		■	
11	■	■		■	
12			■	■	
13	■	■	■	■	
14		■	■	■	
15	■		■	■	

	DIP Switch Settings				
	1	2	3	4	5
Address	1	2	4	8	16
16					■
17	■				■
18		■			■
19	■	■			■
20			■		■
21	■		■		■
22		■	■		■
23	■	■	■		■
24				■	■
25	■			■	■
26		■		■	■
27	■	■		■	■
28			■	■	■
29	■		■	■	■
30		■	■	■	■
31	■	■	■	■	■

A shade box indicates an ON-state DIP switch; a white box indicates an OFF-state DIP switch.

2.2 Remote Annunciator RA-4410G3

The RA-44410G3 remote annunciator is designed to operate with the ***TOTALPAC®4*** self-contained unit equipped with the VFR-500 release control panel. It contains 37 LED's to indicate a change in release control panel status. A local buzzer on the annunciator sounds for any trouble or supervisory condition.

An LCD panel displays up to 80 characters of information, ie system messages, status information, trouble conditions, or input changes.

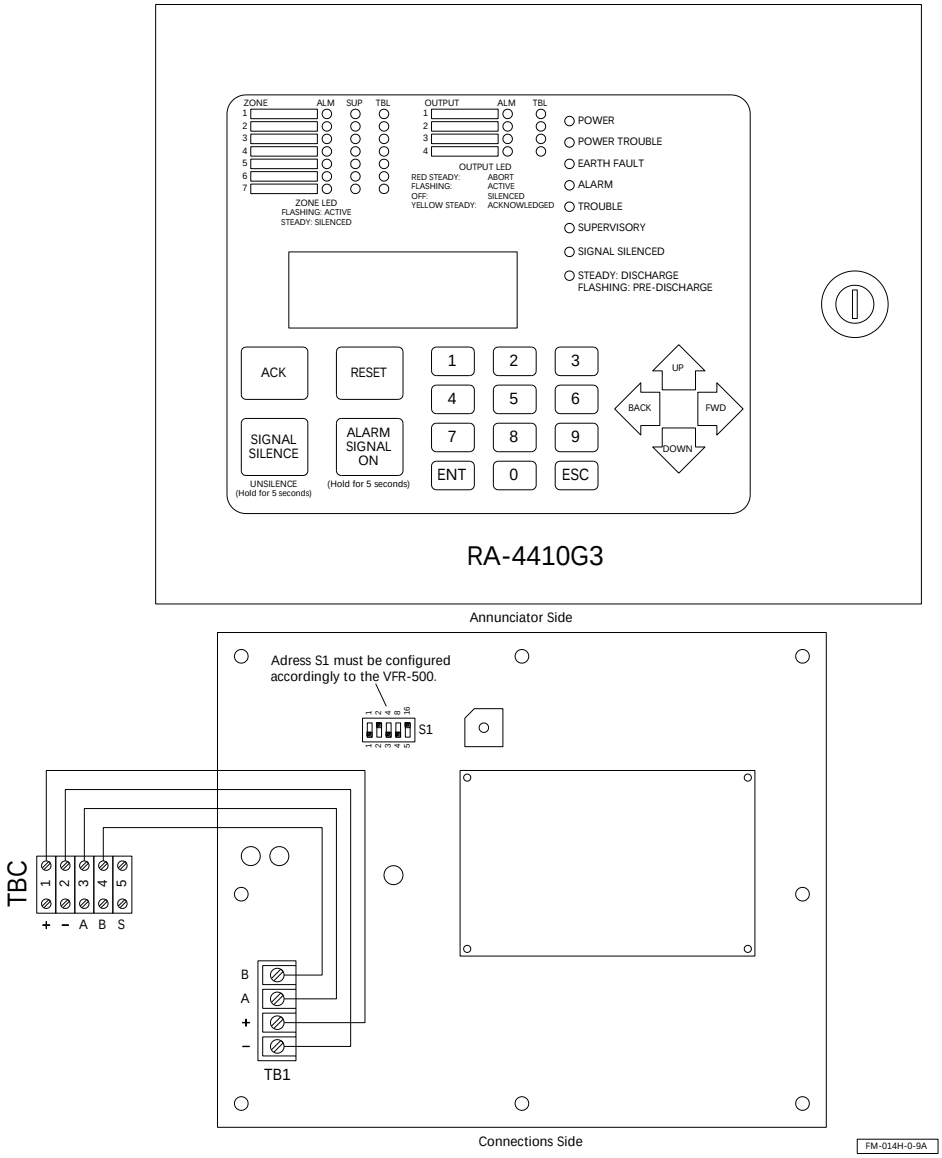
The release control panel is linked to the RA-4410G3 annunciator via supervised separate connections for the P-LINK communication and the 24VDC power requirement. Separate cables should be used for communication and power.

The address of the RA-4410G3 must be correctly assigned. The VFR-500 must be configured accordingly.

⚠ CAUTION

Adding an annunciator will require a waiver from FireFlex Systems since it requires software change. Please consult FireFlex representative for remote annunciator add-on.

Figure 4 - RA-4410G3 wiring to TBC



3. Remotely controlled configuration

The ***TOTALPAC®4*** remote controlled unit is provided without an integrated control panel since all internal supervisory and releasing devices are to be connected and supervised from a remote releasing control panel.

The remote releasing control panel shall be Listed and be compatible for supervisory and alarm contact devices and be compatible for supervising and releasing 24VDC solenoid valve.

NOTICE

It is the responsibility of the installation contractor to ensure that the remote releasing control panel has two independent and reliable power supplies, one primary and one secondary, as per NFPA-72.

The remote releasing control panel is to be wired to the contractor wiring junction box and terminals provided (TBA, TBB & optional TBC) as shown in figure 5.

The system must be tested to confirm compliance as described in section **B** MECHANICAL SECTION).

⚠ WARNING

No connection should be made directly in the trim components as this would void warranty and might prevent the normal operation of the unit.

3.1 Releasing circuit disconnect switch

A key switch located at the junction box, allows the user to electrically disconnect the N.C. solenoid valve for maintenance purposes. A supervisory signal is received at the release control panel.

When disabled, the ***TOTALPAC®4*** unit remains operational with the opening of the manual emergency release valve, unless the main water supply valve is closed.

Figure 5 –Field wiring diagrams

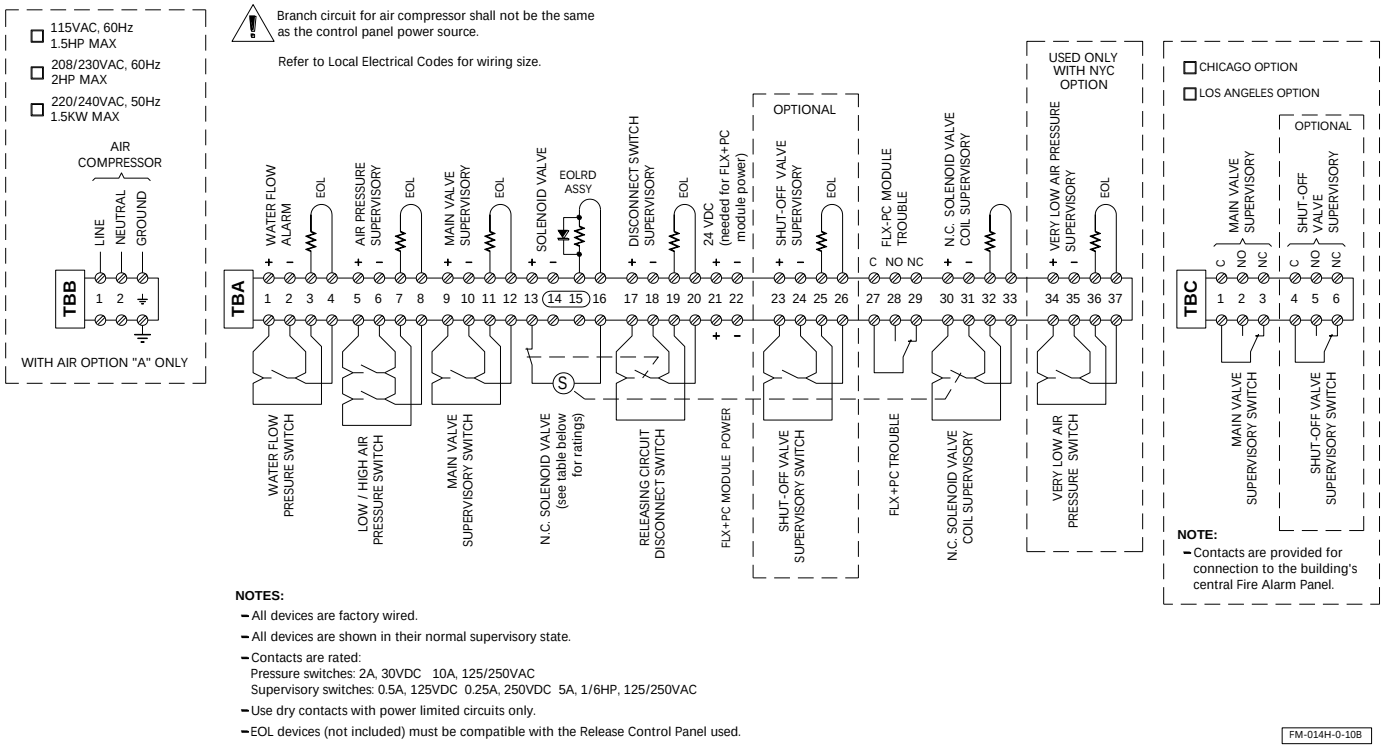


Table 5 - Solenoid valve electrical ratings

Viking P/N	Operation (de-energized)	Voltage	Watts	Current
26785	N.C.	24VDC	9W	338mA

Notes:

1. Solenoid valve is UL Listed as Fire Protection Special System Water Control Release Service (UL 429A Product category VLTR).
2. Voltage drop: For proper operation, make sure that voltage at the solenoid valve is at least 85% of nameplate rating.

1- Cabinet for *TotalPac®4* unit

The ***TotalPac®4*** cabinet is available in three (3) sizes:

- 23" x 27" x 77" (584mm x 686mm x 1956mm) for 2" (50mm) and for 3" (80mm) system
- 36" x 27" x 77" (908mm x 686mm x 1956mm) for 4" (100mm) and for 6" (150mm) system
- 46" x 27" x 77" (1170mm x 686mm x 1956mm) for 8" (200mm) system

All external and internal surfaces are rust proof coated, inside and outside, with fire red, oven baked polyester powder on phosphate base. Cabinet is provided with two doors, both provided with a neoprene gasket to absorb vibrations.

The cabinet unit is pre-assembled, pre-wired and factory tested under ISO-9001 specifications. Each cabinet door is provided with hinges that can be disassembled on site to remove the door assemblies for servicing.

⚠ CAUTION

Ground wire has to be disconnected prior to removing a door. It must be reconnected once the door is reinstalled.

Gauges to indicate water supply pressure, system air pressure and priming water pressure are all visible through clear Lexan windows.

Multiple units installation is easily achieved by joining manifold sections together at their water inlets. Drain outlet shall remain separate and open for each unit. Refer to figure 7 OPEN DRAIN DETAILS FOR MULTIPLE UNITS.

⚠ WARNING

TotalPac®4 unit is NOT designed to be installed where it will be subjected to outdoors and/or freezing conditions. Refer to paragraph 3 ENVIRONMENT in section **A** GENERAL DESCRIPTION for additional details. Subjecting the unit to conditions outside these limitations might hamper the normal operation of the system.

The release control panel of the ***TotalPac®4*** system is installed inside the cabinet at the factory. Refer to section **E** CONTROLS for additional information.

Self-contained

A field wiring electrical junction box is integrated within the cabinet for connection to detection system, auxiliary contacts and signaling devices. All inputs & outputs are factory wired to a terminal strip (TBA, TBB and optional TBC) for contractor's field wiring. Refer to section **F** ELECTRICAL for additional information.

Remote controlled

A field wiring electrical junction box is integrated within the cabinet for connection of all electrical components in the trim to remotely controlled release control panel. Pressure switches, supervisory switches, etc. are all factory wired to a terminal strip (TBA and optional TBC) for contractor's field wiring. Terminal strip TBB is required for AC power connection to air compressor. Refer to section **F** ELECTRICAL for additional information.

Table 1 - System weight in cabinet

System size	Weight [1, 2]
2" (50mm)	455 lb (206 kg)
3" (80mm)	655 lb (297 kg)
4" (100mm)	730 lb (331 kg)
6" (150mm)	1080 lb (490 kg)
8" (200mm)	1445 lb (655 kg)

(1) Without release control panel. Add 34 lb (15 kg) for ***TotalPac®4*** unit with release control panel & batteries.

(2) Without air compressor.

Figure 1 - Cabinet and inlets/outlets dimensions

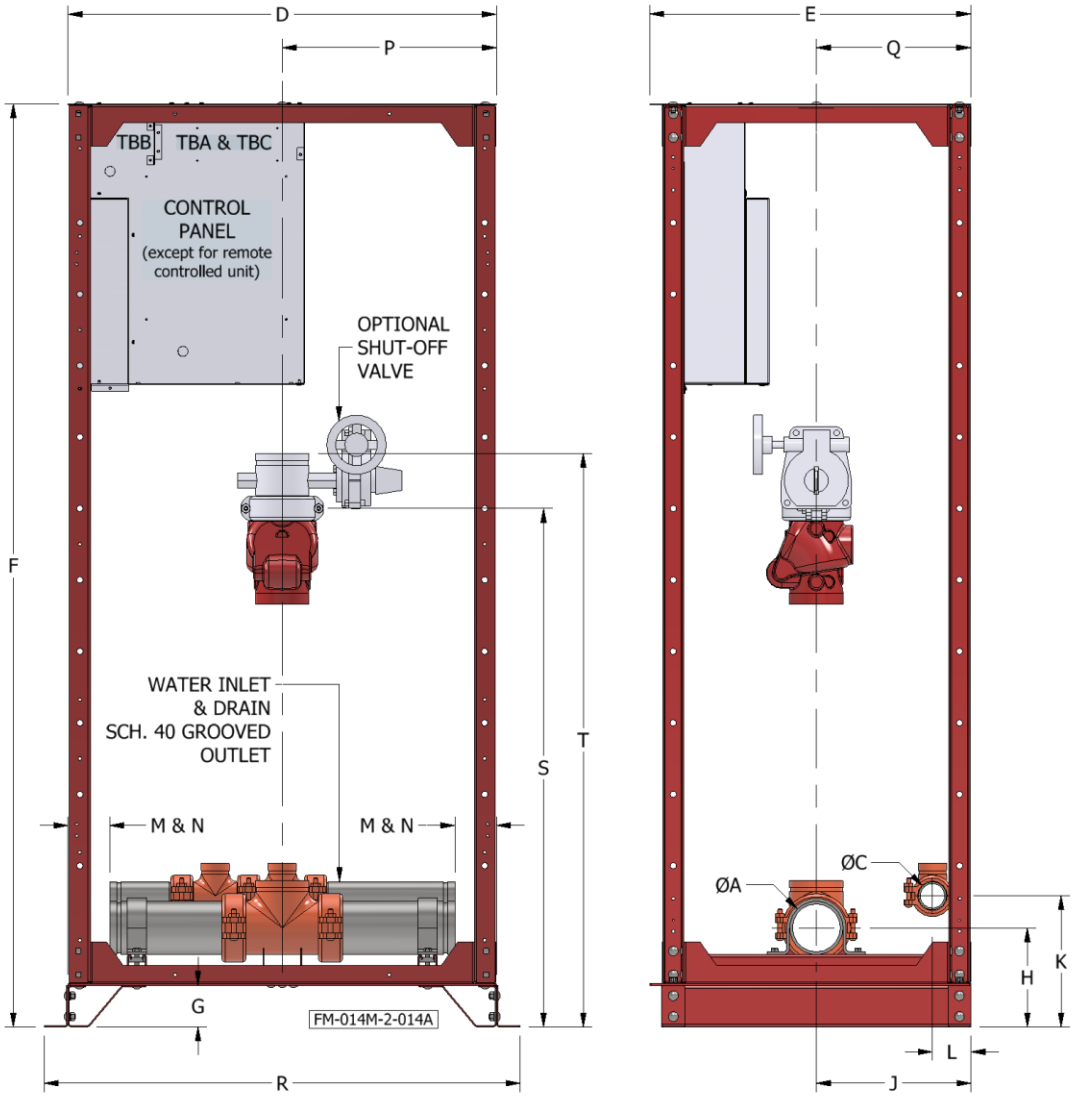


Table 2 - Cabinet dimensions - dimensions are in inches (mm)

Unit size	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	Q	R	S	T
2" (50)	2" (51)	2" (51)	2" (51)	23" (584)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	7¼" (184)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	11½" (292)	13" (330)	27" (686)	35¼" (895)	39½" (1003)
3" (80)	3" (76)	3" (76)	2" (51)	23" (584)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	7¾" (197)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	11½" (292)	13" (330)	27" (686)	43" (1092)	47" (1194)
4" (100)	4" (102)	4" (102)	2" (51)	36" (914)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	8¼" (210)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	18" (457)	13" (330)	40" (1016)	43½" (1105)	48" (1219)
6" (150)	6" (152)	6" (152)	2" (51)	36" (914)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	9½" (241)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	18" (457)	13" (330)	40" (1016)	52" (1321)	58" (1473)
8" (200)	8" (203)	8" (203)	2" (51)	46" (1168)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	10½" (267)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	23" (584)	13" (330)	50" (1270)	59¾" (1518)	65" (1651)

Notes:

1. Dimensions are nominal and may vary ±¼" (±5mm).

Figure 2 - Cabinet without panel and inlets/outlets dimensions

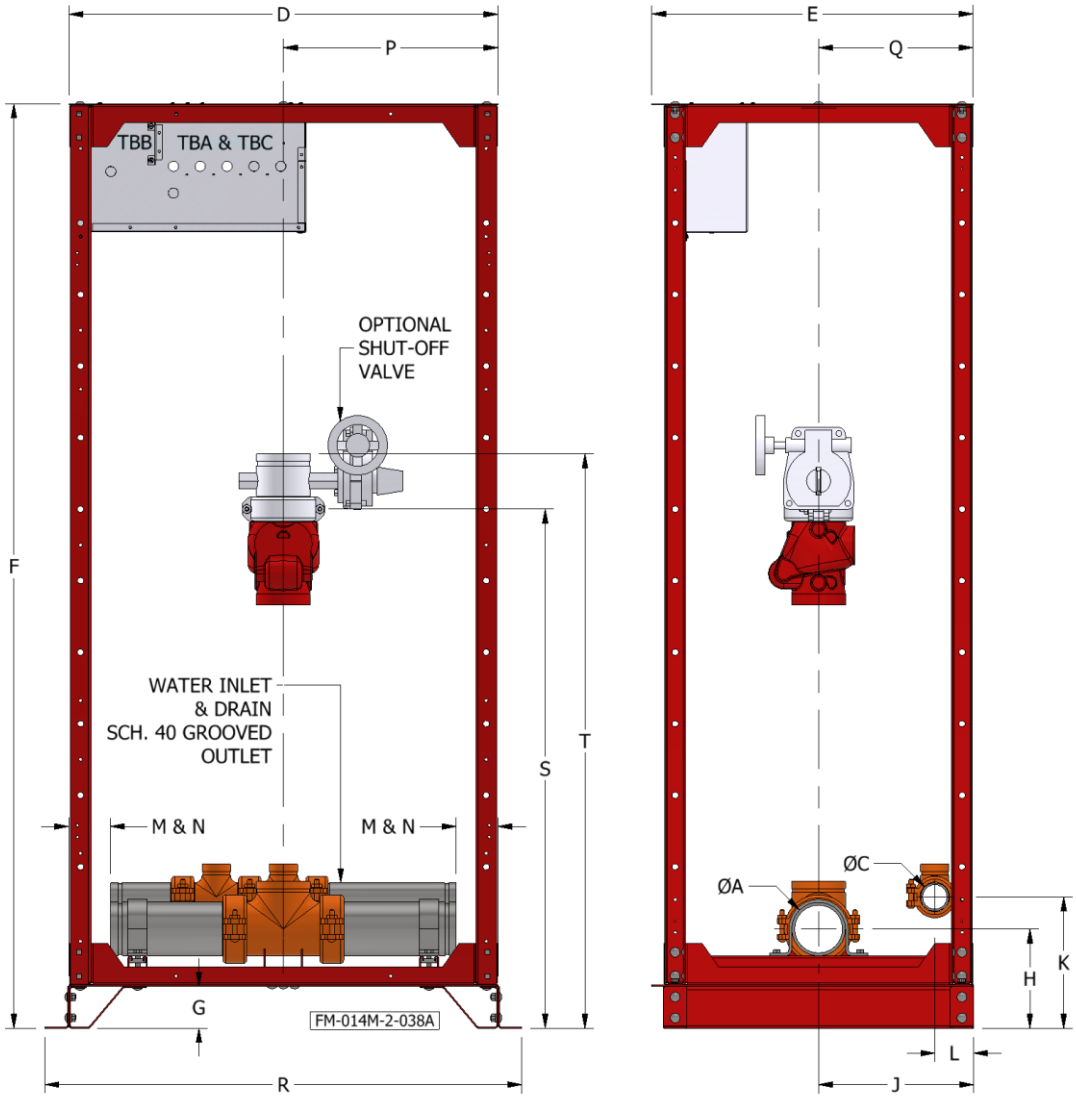


Table 3 - Cabinet dimensions - dimensions are in inches (mm)

Unit size	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	M	N	P	Q	R	S	T
2" (50)	2" (51)	2" (51)	2" (51)	23" (584)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	7¼" (184)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	11½" (292)	13" (330)	27" (686)	35¼" (895)	39½" (1003)
3" (80)	3" (76)	3" (76)	2" (51)	23" (584)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	7¾" (197)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	11½" (292)	13" (330)	27" (686)	43" (1092)	47" (1194)
4" (100)	4" (102)	4" (102)	2" (51)	36" (914)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	8¼" (210)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	18" (457)	13" (330)	40" (1016)	43½" (1105)	48" (1219)
6" (150)	6" (152)	6" (152)	2" (51)	36" (914)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	9½" (241)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	18" (457)	13" (330)	40" (1016)	52" (1321)	58" (1473)
8" (200)	8" (203)	8" (203)	2" (51)	46" (1168)	27" (686)	77½" (1969)	3½" (89)	10½" (267)	13" (330)	11" (279)	3¼" (83)	3½" (89)	3½" (89)	23" (584)	13" (330)	50" (1270)	59¾" (1518)	65" (1651)

Notes:

1. Dimensions are nominal and may vary ±¼" (±5mm).

Figure 3 - Floor anchoring dimensions

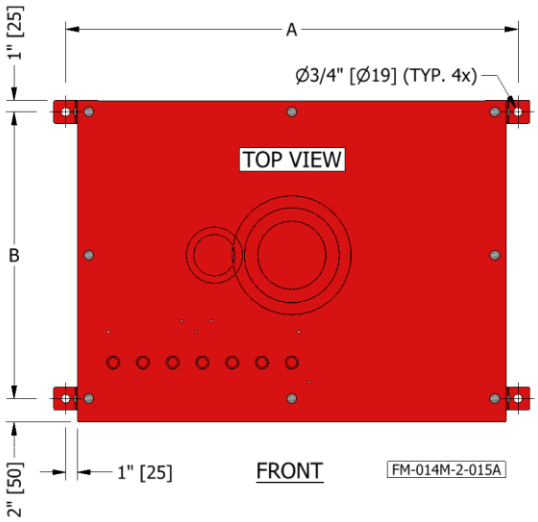


Table 4 - Floor anchoring dimensions

Dimensions are in inches (mm)

Unit size	A	B
2" (50)	25" (635)	24" (610)
3" (80)	25" (635)	24" (610)
4" (100)	38" (965)	24" (610)
6" (150)	38" (965)	24" (610)
8" (200)	48" (1219)	24" (610)

Figure 4 - Cabinet & doors clearance detail

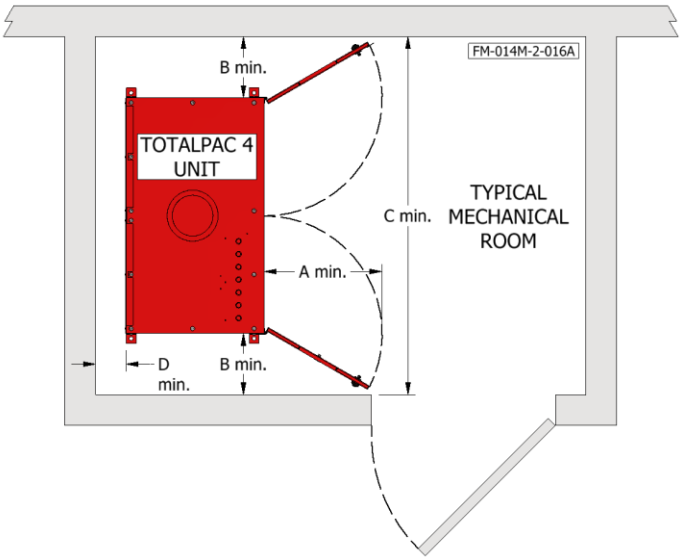


Table 5 - Cabinet clearance dimensions

Dimensions are in inches (mm)

Unit size	A	B	C	D
2" (50)	24" (610)	12" (305)	48" (1219)	4" (102)
3" (80)	24" (610)	12" (305)	48" (1219)	4" (102)
4" (100)	24" (610)	12" (305)	60" (1524)	4" (102)
6" (150)	24" (610)	12" (305)	60" (1524)	4" (102)
8" (200)	24" (610)	12" (305)	72" (1829)	4" (102)

Note : Minimum dimensions are according to door clearance and external piping requirements.

Figure 5 - Knockouts details

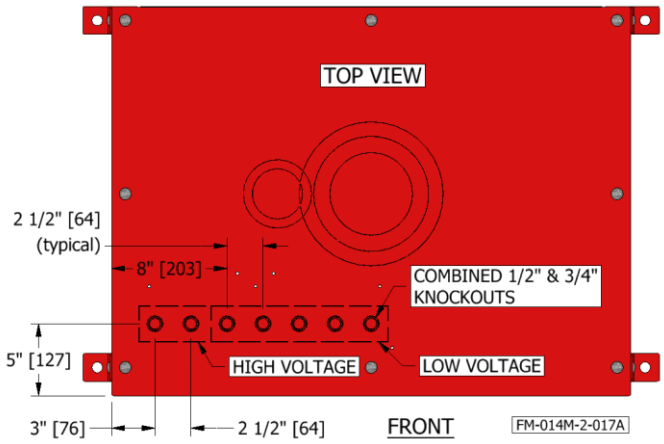


Figure 6 - Open drain details for single unit

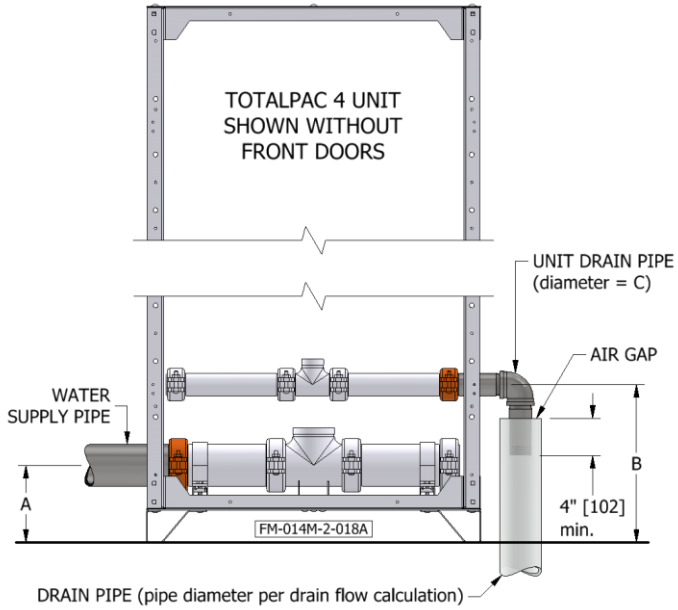
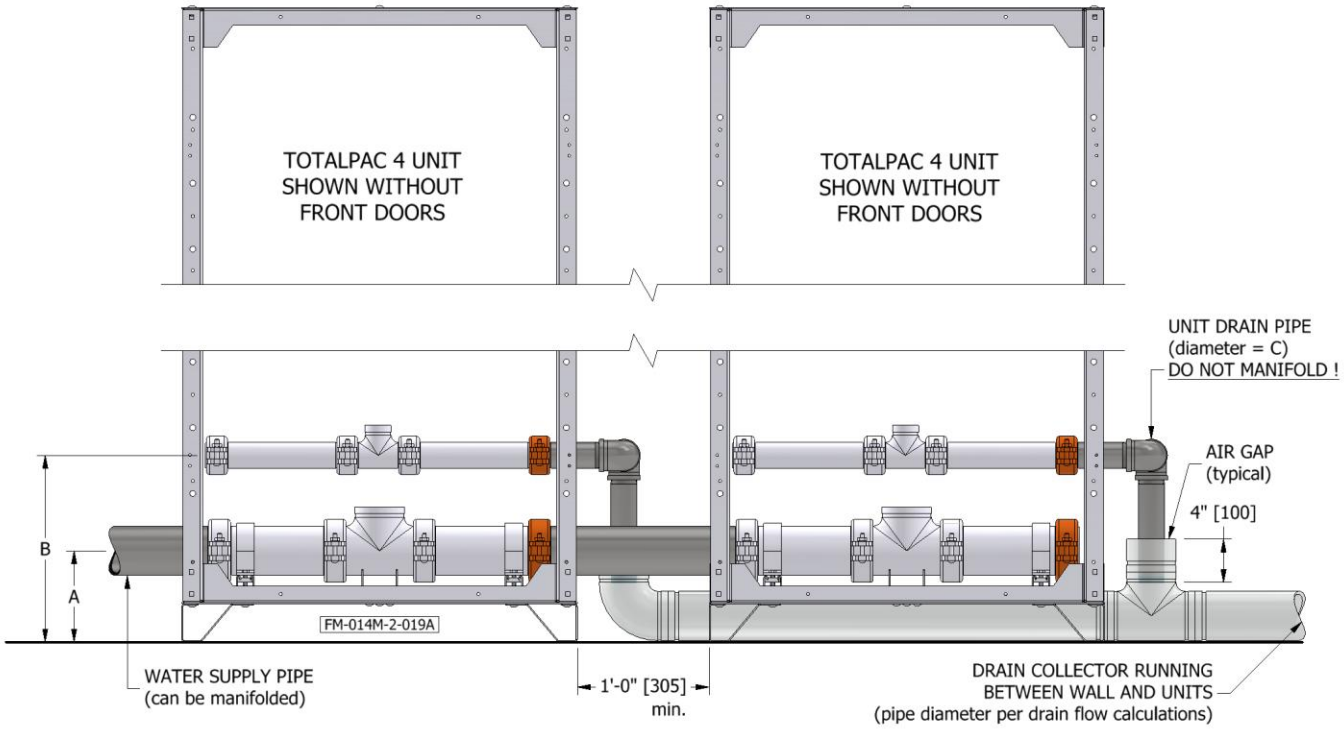


Table 6 - Manifold dimensions

Dimensions are in inches (mm)

Unit size	A	B	C
2" (50)	7¼" (184)	11" (279)	2" (51)
3" (80)	7¾" (197)	11" (279)	2" (51)
4" (100)	8¼" (210)	11" (279)	2" (51)
6" (150)	9½" (241)	11" (279)	2" (51)
8" (200)	10½" (267)	11" (279)	2" (51)

Figure 7 - Open drain details for multiple units
(refer to dimensions in table 6)



Notes:

1. Water supply and drain pipes can be connected on either side of cabinet.
2. All pipes and fittings should meet applicable codes.
3. Actual drain collector diameter shall be determined with detailed hydraulic calculations and is the responsibility of the system designer.

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Integrated Fire Protection System

Limited Warranty

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Limited Warranty

FireFlex Systems inc. (known herein as "the Manufacturer") warrants to its customer that its products shall be free of defects in material [or part(s)] and workmanship for a period of twelve (12) months from the original shipping date, under normal use and service by the Customer (and provided that the product has been properly installed and maintained).

The obligation of the Manufacturer in case of a claim made by the Customer hereunder, shall be, at the Manufacturer's option, limited to repair or replace, free of charge for parts or his labor, any product or part, which in the opinion of the Manufacturer, shall be proven to be defective. The Manufacturer will NOT accept labor back-charges incurred by the Customer to repair or replace said product or part.

The present warranty shall be void should the product [or part(s)] be altered by anyone other than the Manufacturer. In case of a claim under the present warranty, the Customer must contact the Manufacturer's Customer Service Department as soon as he is aware of a claim and, subject to the authorization of the manufacturer, return the defective product [or part(s)], transportation prepaid, to the address listed below.

This warranty constitutes the entire warranty given by the Manufacturer to the Customer with respect to the product. The present warranty is non-transferable and non-assignable. The Manufacturer does not represent that the products will prevent any loss by fire or otherwise or that the product will in all cases provide the protection for which it has been installed or intended.

The Customer acknowledges that the Manufacturer is not an insurer. The manufacturer shall not be liable for any loss or damages of any nature whatsoever, including but not limited to incidental or special or consequential damages including but not limited to, property damages, personal injury, revenue loss or lost profits, inconveniences, transportation charges or other damages suffered by anyone.

There are no other warranties, expressed or implied with regard to the products, other than those contained herein.

Some jurisdictions may not allow limitations on how long an expressed warranty lasts, so the above limitations may not apply to you. Under no circumstances, shall the Manufacturer be liable for any loss of, or damage to property, direct or indirect, incidental or special or consequential damages, arising out of the use or inability to use the Manufacturer's products. The Manufacturer shall not be liable for any personal injury which may arise in the course of or as a result of the use of the manufacturer's products.

This warranty replaces all previous warranties and is the only warranty given by the Manufacturer with respect to its products. This warranty shall not be modified, unless such modification is made in writing by an executive officer of the Manufacturer.

In consideration of the warranty provisions contained herein, the Customer hereby waives the benefit of any statutory warranty or protection or remedy to which he may be entitled under the terms of any sales of goods act or similar legislation available to him in any jurisdiction in which the Customer carries on business.

Defective part(s) must be returned to the address listed below within (30) days of receiving replacement parts(s). If defective part(s) is not returned before delay expires, an invoice will be issued for replacement part(s) and shipping. On reception, an extended analysis will be performed on the said part(s). If proven to be defective, no invoice will be issued. If the part(s) is proven to be in working condition an invoice will be issued for replacement part(s) and shipping.

Special Limitation: Due to their self-discharge characteristics when not charged during extended storage periods, Batteries supplied with integrated Releasing Control Panels are covered by the above warranty for a period limited to three (3) months only.

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User Notes